Cloud Connect

FAQ

Issue 01

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Connecting VPCs in the Same Region But in Different Accounts

1.1 Using a Cloud Connection to Connect VPCs in the Same Region But Different Accounts

You can connect the VPCs in the same region but in different accounts using a cloud connection.

■ NOTE

For details about the regions where cloud connections are available, see **Region Availability**.

Solution Architecture

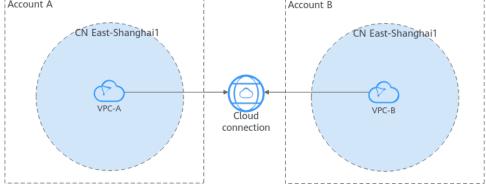
A company has two Huawei accounts (accounts A and B). Each account has a VPC in CN East-Shanghai1.

To connect the two VPCs in different accounts, the company needs to create a cloud connection and load the VPCs to the cloud connection.

Figure 1-1 Connecting VPCs in the same region but different accounts

Account A

Account B



Network and Resource Planning

To use a cloud connection to connect VPCs in the same region but in different accounts, you need to:

- Plan CIDR blocks for VPCs and subnets.
- Plan the quantity, names, and main parameters of cloud resources, including VPCs and ECSs.

Network Planning

Figure 1-2 and **Table 1-1** show the network planning and description for communication between VPCs in the same region but in different accounts.

Figure 1-2 Networking planning for communication between VPCs in the same region but in different accounts

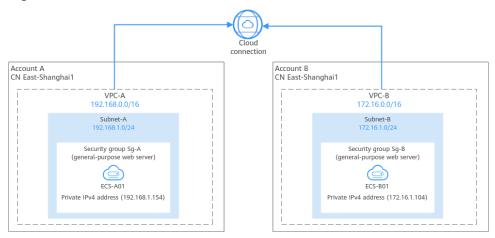


Table 1-1 Networking planning description

Resour ce	Description
VPC	The CIDR blocks of the VPCs to be connected cannot overlap with each other. Overlapping VPC CIDR blocks will cause route conflicts. If the VPCs have overlapping CIDR blocks, you need to modify the CIDR blocks.
	 Each VPC comes with a default route table that has the default IPv4 local route, which enables subnets in a VPC to communicate with each other.
ECS	The two ECSs are in different VPCs. If the ECSs are in different security groups, add rules to the security groups to allow access to each other.

Resource Planning

The VPCs and ECSs must be in the same region, but they can be in different AZs.

The following resource details are only for your reference. You can modify them if needed.

• Table 1-2 describes the two VPCs in detail. Their CIDR blocks cannot overlap with each other.

Table 1-2 VPC details

VPC	VPC CIDR Block	Subnet Name	Subnet CIDR Block	Route Table
VPC-A	192.168.0.0/1 6	Subnet-A	192.168.1.0/2 4	Default route table
VPC-B	172.16.0.0/16	Subnet-B	172.16.1.0/24	Default route table

• Table 1-3 describes the two ECSs in detail, with each ECS in a VPC.

Table 1-3 ECS details

ECS Name	Image	VPC	Subnet Name	Security Group	Private IP Address
ECS-A01	Public image: Huawei Cloud EulerOS 2.0	VPC-A	Subnet-A	Sg-A (general- purpose web server)	192.168. 1.154
ECS-B01	Standard Edition	VPC-B	Subnet-B	Sg-B (general- purpose web server)	172.16.1. 104

Procedure

Table 1-4 Communication between VPCs in the same region but in different accounts

Procedure	What to Do
Preparations	Before using cloud services, sign up for a HUAWEI ID, enable Huawei Cloud services, complete realname authentication, and top up your account.
Step 1: Create a Cloud Connection	Create a cloud connection in account A to load VPCs.
Step 2: (Optional) Create VPCs and ECSs	Create VPCs and ECSs in the same region in accounts A and B. If you already have VPCs and ECSs, skip this step.

Procedure	What to Do
Step 3: Request Permission to Use the VPC in Another Account	Grant account A the permission to load VPC-B in account B to the cloud connection of account A.
Step 4: Load Network Instances	Load VPC-A and VPC-B to the cloud connection created in account A.

Preparations

Before creating a cloud connection, you need to:

 Sign up for a HUAWEI ID, enable Huawei Cloud services, and complete realname authentication.

If you already have a HUAWEI ID, skip this part. If you do not have a HUAWEI ID, perform the following operations to create one:

- a. Sign up for a HUAWEI ID and enable Huawei Cloud services.
- b. Complete real-name authentication.
- 2. Top up your account.

Ensure that your account has sufficient balance. For details about how to top up an account, see **Topping up an Account**.

Step 1: Create a Cloud Connection

Create a cloud connection and name it cc-test in account A.

- 1. Go to the **Cloud Connections** page.
- 2. In the upper right corner of the page, click **Create Cloud Connection**.
- Configure the parameters based on Table 1-5.

X **Create Cloud Connection** ⋆ Name ✓ Q ② Create Enterprise Project default ★ Enterprise Project * Scenario If you select VPC here, only VPCs or virtual gateways can use this cloud connection. Tag Tag value Tag key You can add 20 more tags. Description 0/255 // Cancel

Figure 1-3 Creating a cloud connection

Table 1-5 Parameters for creating a cloud connection

Param eter	Description	Exampl e Value
Name	Specifies the cloud connection name.	cc-test
	The name can contain 1 to 64 characters. Only letters, digits, underscores (_), hyphens (-), and periods (.) are allowed.	
Enterpr ise Project	Specifies an enterprise project by which cloud resources and members are centrally managed.	default
Scenari o	VPC : VPCs or virtual gateways can use this cloud connection.	VPC
Tag	Specifies the tag to identify the cloud connection. A tag consists of a key and a value. You can add up to 20 tags to a cloud connection. NOTE If a predefined tag has been created on TMS, you can directly select the corresponding tag key and value.	-
	For details about predefined tags, see Predefined Tags .	

Param eter	Description	Exampl e Value
Descrip tion	Provides supplementary information about the cloud connection.	-
	The description can contain no more than 255 characters.	

4. Click OK.

Step 2: (Optional) Create VPCs and ECSs

Perform the following operations to create VPCs and ECSs. If you already have VPCs and ECSs, skip this step.

Constraints

- The CIDR blocks of the VPCs to be connected cannot overlap with each other.
 Overlapping VPC CIDR blocks will cause route conflicts. If the VPCs have overlapping CIDR blocks, you need to modify the CIDR blocks.
- In this example, the two ECSs are in different security groups. You need to add rules to the security groups to allow access to each other. For details, see **Adding a Security Group Rule**.

Procedure

1. Create two VPCs with subnets.

For details, see **Creating a VPC**.

For the details about VPCs and subnets in this example, see Table 1-2.

2. Create two ECSs.

For details, see **Purchasing a Custom ECS**.

For details about the ECSs in this example, see Table 1-3.

Step 3: Request Permission to Use the VPC in Another Account

If the VPC in your account (account A) needs to communicate with that in another account (account B), ask account B to grant you (account A) the permission to load their VPC to your cloud connection.

In this example, log in to the console as account B and take the following steps to grant account A the permission to load account B's VPC to account A's cloud connection:

- Go to the Cross-Account Authorization page.
- 2. On the **Network Instances Authorized by Me** tab, click **Authorize Network Instance**.
- 3. Configure the parameters based on Table 1-6.

X **Authorize Network Instance** Each VPC can be authorized only to one peer account and peer cloud connection. The peer account can load the authorized VPC onto the specified cloud connection, allowing communication between your network and the peer account's network. ★ Region CN East-Shanghai1 ★ VPC ② ~] Q VPC-B(1197 ★ Peer Account ID ② 367c793d853e * Peer Cloud Connection ID 874e1557f523 Remarks 0/64 // ок

Figure 1-4 Cross-account authorization

Table 1-6 Parameters for cross-account authorization

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Region	Specifies the region where the VPC is located.	CN East- Shanghai1
VPC	Specifies the VPC to be loaded to the cloud connection in the peer account.	VPC-B
Peer Account ID	Specifies the ID of the peer account.	ID of account A
Peer Cloud Connection ID	Specifies the ID of the peer cloud connection that the VPC is to be loaded to.	ID of cloud connection cc- test created in account A
Remarks	Provides supplementary information about cross-account authorization.	-

4. Click **OK**. Account A can access the resources in VPC-B of account B.

Step 4: Load Network Instances

Load the VPCs that need to communicate with each other to the cloud connection you have created.

In this example, log in to the console as account A and take the following steps to load VPC-A and VPC-B to cloud connection cc-test:

Load VPC-A in account A to cc-test.

- 1. Go to the **Cloud Connections** page.
- 2. Click the name of the cloud connection to go to the **Basic Information** tab.
- 3. Click the **Network Instances** tab.
- 4. Click Load Network Instance.
- 5. Configure the parameters based on Table 1-7 and click OK.

Figure 1-5 Loading VPC-A in account A

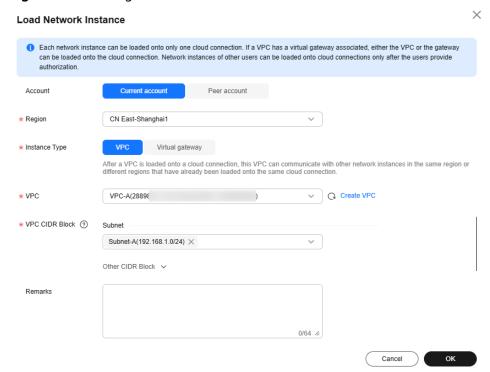


Table 1-7 Parameters for loading network instances in the same account as the cloud connection

Paramet er	Description	Example Value
Account	Specifies the account that provides the network instance.	Current account
Region	Specifies the region where the VPC you want to load is located.	CN East- Shanghai1
Instance Type	Specifies the type of the network instance that needs to be loaded to the cloud connection. There are two options: • VPC • Virtual gateway	VPC

Paramet er	Description	Example Value
VPC	Specifies the VPC you want to load to the cloud connection.	VPC-A
	This parameter is mandatory if you have set Instance Type to VPC .	
VPC CIDR Block	Specifies the subnets in the VPC and custom CIDR blocks.	Subnet-A
	If you have set Instance Type to VPC , you need to configure the following two parameters:	
	• Subnet	
	Other CIDR Block: Add one or more custom CIDR blocks as needed.	
Remarks	Provides supplementary information about the network instance.	-

Load VPC-B in account B to cc-test.

- 1. Go to the **Cloud Connections** page.
- 2. Click the name of the cloud connection to go to the **Basic Information** tab.
- 3. Click the **Network Instances** tab.
- 4. Click **Load Network Instance**. In the displayed dialog, select **Peer account**. Configure the parameters based on **Table 1-8** and click **OK**.

Table 1-8 Parameters for loading a network instance in a different account from the cloud connection

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Account	Specifies the account that provides the network instance.	Peer account
Peer Account ID	Specifies the ID of the peer account.	ID of account B
Region	Specifies the region where the VPC you want to load is located.	CN East- Shanghai1
Peer Project ID	Specifies the project ID of the VPC in the peer account.	Project ID of account B
Instance Type	Specifies the type of the network instance that needs to be loaded to the cloud connection.	VPC
Peer VPC	Specifies the VPC to be loaded.	ID of VPC-B

Parameter	Description	Example Value
VPC CIDR Block	Specifies the CIDR block of the VPC that you want to load to the cloud connection.	Subnet-B
Remarks	Provides supplementary information about the network instance.	-

□ NOTE

- A network instance can only be loaded to one cloud connection.
- If a VPC is loaded, the associated virtual gateway cannot be loaded.

2 Connecting VPCs in Different Regions and Accounts

2.1 Using a Cloud Connection to Connect VPCs in Different Regions and Accounts

You can use a cloud connection to connect VPCs in the different accounts across regions.

□ NOTE

For details about the regions where cloud connections are available, see **Region Availability**.

Solution Architecture

A company has two Huawei accounts (accounts A and B). Account A has a VPC in CN North-Beijing4 and account B has a VPC in CN East-Shanghai1.

To connect the two VPCs, the company needs to create a cloud connection and load the VPCs to the cloud connection.

Account A

CN North-Beijing4

CN East-Shanghai1

VPC-A

VPC-B

Figure 2-1 Connecting VPCs in different regions and accounts

Network and Resource Planning

To use a cloud connection to connect VPCs in different regions, you need to:

- Plan CIDR blocks for VPCs and subnets.
- Plan the quantity, names, and main parameters of cloud resources, including VPCs and ECSs.

Network Planning

Figure 2-2 and **Table 2-1** show the network planning and description for communication between VPCs in different regions and accounts.

Figure 2-2 Networking planning for connecting VPCs in different regions under different accounts

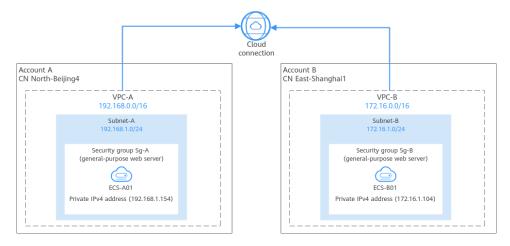


Table 2-1 Networking planning description

Resour ce	Description
VPC	 The CIDR blocks of the VPCs to be connected cannot overlap with each other. Overlapping VPC CIDR blocks will cause route conflicts. If the VPCs have overlapping CIDR blocks, you need to modify the CIDR blocks. Each VPC comes with a default route table that has the default IPv4 local route, which enables subnets in the VPC to communicate with each other.
ECS	In this example, two ECSs are deployed in VPCs in different regions. An ECS can be only associated with a security group in the same region as the ECS. Therefore, the two ECSs must be associated with different security groups. To connect the two ECSs, you need to add inbound rules to their security groups by referring to Table 2-4.

Resource Planning

The VPCs and ECSs must be in different regions, and they can be in any AZ.

■ NOTE

The following resource details are only for your reference. You can modify them if needed.

• Table 2-2 describes the two VPCs in detail. Their CIDR blocks cannot overlap with each other.

Table 2-2 VPC details

VPC	VPC CIDR Block	Subnet Name	Subnet CIDR Block	Route Table
VPC-A	192.168.0.0/1 6	Subnet-A	192.168.1.0/2 4	Default route table
VPC-B	172.16.0.0/16	Subnet-B	172.16.1.0/24	Default route table

• Table 2-3 describes the two ECSs in detail, with each ECS in a VPC.

Table 2-3 ECS details

ECS Name	Image	VPC	Subnet Name	Security Group	Private IP Address
ECS-A01	Public image: Huawei Cloud EulerOS 2.0 Standard	VPC-A	Subnet-A	Sg-A (general- purpose web server)	192.168. 1.154
ECS-B01	Edition	VPC-B	Subnet-B	Sg-B (general- purpose web server)	172.16.1. 104

• Security group rules: In this example, the two ECSs are in different security groups (Sg-A and Sg-B). You need to add rules to the security groups to allow traffic between the ECSs.

Set **Source** to the CIDR block of the other VPC or subnet.

Allows IPv4 traffic from

resources in Sg-B over any

192.168.0.0/16 to the

protocol and port.

Dire Ac Ту Prot Source Sec Description uri ctio tio pe ocol ty n n & Gr Port ou р ΙΡν Inbo All All IP address: Allows IPv4 traffic from Sg-Α und ow 4 172.16.0.0/ 172.16.0.0/16 to the resources 16 (VPCin Sg-A over any protocol and B's CIDR port. block)

IP address:

192.168.0.0

/16 (VPC-

A's CIDR

block)

Table 2-4 Security group rules (CIDR block as the source)

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Procedure

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Table 2-5 Communication between VPCs in the different accounts and different regions

Procedure	Description
Preparations	Before using cloud services, sign up for a HUAWEI ID, enable Huawei Cloud services, complete realname authentication, and top up your account.
Step 1: (Optional) Apply for a Cross- Border Permit	If a VPC you want to connect is outside the Chinese mainland, you need to apply for a cross-border permit.
	In this example, no VPCs (one in CN North-Beijing4 and the other in CN East-Shanghai1) are outside the Chinese mainland, so no cross-border permit is required. You can skip this step.
Step 2: Create a Cloud Connection	Create a cloud connection for connecting the VPCs. In this example, you can create a cloud connection and name it cc-test in account A.
Step 3: (Optional) Create VPCs and ECSs	Create VPCs and ECSs in different region using different accounts. If you already have VPCs and ECSs, skip this step.
Step 4: Request Permission to Use the VPC in Another Account	Grant account A the permission to load VPC-B in account B to the cloud connection of account A.

Procedure	Description
Step 5: Load Network Instances	Load the VPCs to the cloud connection based on your network plan.
	In this example, load VPC-A and VPC-B to cloud connection cc-test.
Step 6: Buy a Bandwidth Package	To enable normal communication between regions in the same geographic region or different
Step 7: Assign an Inter- Region Bandwidth	geographic regions, you need to purchase at least one bandwidth package and bind them to the cloud connection.

Preparations

Before creating a cloud connection, you need to:

 Sign up for a HUAWEI ID, enable Huawei Cloud services, and complete realname authentication.

If you already have a HUAWEI ID, skip this part. If you do not have a HUAWEI ID, perform the following operations to create one:

- a. Sign up for a HUAWEI ID and enable Huawei Cloud services.
- b. Complete real-name authentication.
- 2. Top up your account.

Ensure that your account has sufficient balance. For details about how to top up an account, see **Topping up an Account**.

Step 1: (Optional) Apply for a Cross-Border Permit

If a VPC you want to connect is outside the Chinese mainland, you need to apply for a cross-border permit.

In this example, no VPCs (one in CN North-Beijing4 and the other in CN East-Shanghai1) are outside the Chinese mainland, so no cross-border permit is required. You can skip this step.

- 1. Go to the **Bandwidth Packages** page.
- 2. On the displayed page, click **apply now**.

If the registered address of your business entity is in the Chinese mainland, click **here** to go to the **Cross-Border Service Application System** page.

If the registered address of your business entity is outside the Chinese mainland, click **here** to go to the **Cross-Border Service Application System** page.

Ⅲ NOTE

Select the address for applying for the cross-border permit based on the registration address of your business entity.

3. On the displayed page, select an applicant type, configure the parameters as prompted, and upload the required materials.

NOTICE

Prepare and upload the materials required on the application page.

Table 2-6 Online cross-border permit application

Parameter	Description	
Applicant Name	The applicant name, which must be the same as the company name in the Letter of Commitment to Information Security.	
Huawei Cloud UID	The account ID to log in to the management console. You can take the following steps to obtain your account ID.	
	1. Log in to the management console.	
	2. Move you cursor over the username in the upper right corner and select My Credentials from the drop-down list.	
	3. On the API Credentials page, view the Account ID .	
Bandwidth(M)	For reference only	
Start Date	For reference only	
Termination Date	For reference only	
Customer Type	Select a type based on the actual situation.	
Country of the Customer	Country where the applicant is located.	
Contact Name	-	
Contact Number	-	
Type of ID	-	
ID Number	-	
Scope of Business	Briefly describe the main business.	
Number of Employees	For reference only	
Branch Location Country	Country where the applicant branch is located. Set this parameter based on the actual situation.	

Table 2-7 Required materials

Paramet er	Description	Required Material	Sign atur e	Seal
Business License	Upload a photo of the business license with the official seal. For the position of the seal, see the template provided by Huawei Cloud.	A scanned copy of your company's business license	-	√
Service Agreeme nt	Download the Huawei Cloud Cross-Border Circuit Service Agreement, fill in the blank, upload the copy of agreement with the signature and official seal. Sign the material on the signature block. Stamp the seal over the signature.	A scanned copy of the <i>Huawei Cloud</i> <i>Cross-Border</i> <i>Circuit Service</i> <i>Agreement</i>	√	√
Letter of Commit ment to Informat ion Security	Download the China Unicom Letter of Commitment to Information Security of the Cross-Border Circuit Service, fill in the blank, and upload the copy of the letter with the signature and seal. • Sign the material on the signature block. • Stamp the seal over the signature. • Specify the bandwidth you estimated and your company name.	A scanned copy of the China Unicom Letter of Commitment to Information Security of the Cross-Border Circuit Service	√	√

4. Click **Submit**.

◯ NOTE

After you submit the application, the status will change to **Pending approval**. The review takes about one working day. When the status changes to **Approved**, the cross-border permit is ready for use.

Step 2: Create a Cloud Connection

Create a cloud connection and name it cc-test in account A.

- 1. Go to the **Cloud Connections** page.
- 2. In the upper right corner of the page, click **Create Cloud Connection**.
- Configure the parameters based on Table 2-8.

Figure 2-3 Creating a cloud connection

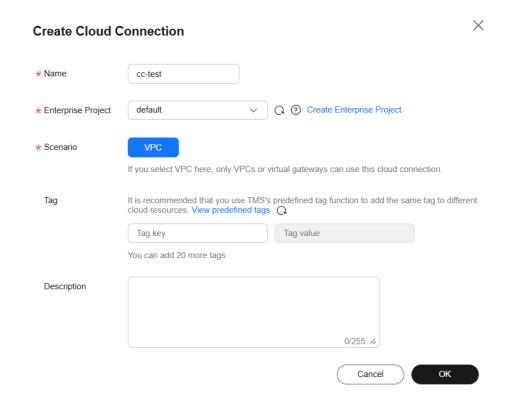


Table 2-8 Parameters for creating a cloud connection

Param eter	Description	Exampl e Value
Name	Specifies the cloud connection name.	cc-test
	The name can contain 1 to 64 characters. Only letters, digits, underscores (_), hyphens (-), and periods (.) are allowed.	

Param eter	Description	Exampl e Value
Enterpr ise Project	Specifies an enterprise project by which cloud resources and members are centrally managed.	default
Scenari o	VPC : VPCs or virtual gateways can use this cloud connection.	VPC
Tag	Specifies the tag to identify the cloud connection. A tag consists of a key and a value. You can add up to 20 tags to a cloud connection. NOTE If a predefined tag has been created on TMS, you can directly select the corresponding tag key and value. For details about predefined tags, see Predefined Tags.	-
Descrip tion	Provides supplementary information about the cloud connection. The description can contain no more than 255 characters.	-

4. Click OK.

Step 3: (Optional) Create VPCs and ECSs

Perform the following operations to create VPCs and ECSs. If you already have VPCs and ECSs, skip this step.

Constraints

- The CIDR blocks of the VPCs to be connected cannot overlap with each other.
 Overlapping VPC CIDR blocks will cause route conflicts. If the VPCs have overlapping CIDR blocks, you need to modify the CIDR blocks.
- In this example, the two ECSs are in different security groups. You need to add rules in Table 2-4 to the security groups to allow access to each other.

Procedure

1. Create two VPCs with subnets.

For details, see Creating a VPC.

For the details about VPCs and subnets in this example, see Table 2-2.

2. Create two ECSs.

For details, see **Purchasing a Custom ECS**.

For details about the ECSs in this example, see Table 2-3.

Step 4: Request Permission to Use the VPC in Another Account

If the VPC in your account (account A) needs to communicate with that in another account (account B), ask account B to grant you (account A) the permission to load their VPC to your cloud connection.

In this example, log in to the console as account B and take the following steps to grant account A the permission to load account B's VPC to account A's cloud connection:

- 1. Go to the Cross-Account Authorization page.
- 2. On the **Network Instances Authorized by Me** tab, click **Authorize Network Instance**.
- Configure the parameters based on Table 2-9.

Figure 2-4 Cross-account authorization

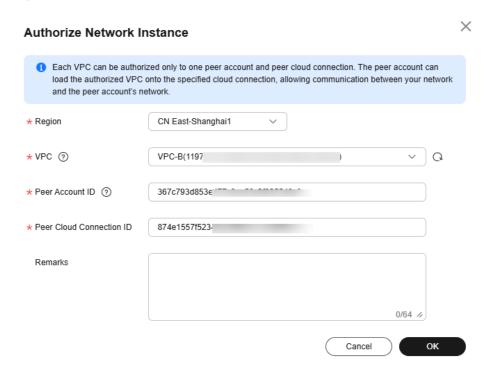


Table 2-9 Parameters for cross-account authorization

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Region	Specifies the region where the VPC is located.	CN East- Shanghai1
VPC	Specifies the VPC you want to authorize.	VPC-B
Peer Account ID	Specifies the ID of the peer account.	ID of account A
Peer Cloud Connection ID	Specifies the ID of the peer cloud connection that the VPC is to be loaded to.	ID of the cloud connection cc- test created in account A
Remarks	Provides supplementary information about cross-account authorization.	-

4. Click **OK**. Account A can access the resources in VPC-B of account B.

Step 5: Load Network Instances

Load the VPCs that need to communicate with each other to the cloud connection you have created.

In this example, log in to the console as account A and take the following steps to load VPC-A and VPC-B to cloud connection cc-test:

Load VPC-A in account A to cc-test.

- 1. Go to the **Cloud Connections** page.
- 2. Click the name of the cloud connection to go to the **Basic Information** tab.
- 3. Click the **Network Instances** tab.
- 4. Click Load Network Instance.

Configure the parameters based on Table 2-10 and click OK.

Table 2-10 Parameters for loading network instances in the same account as the cloud connection

Paramet er	Description	Example Value
Account	Specifies the account that provides the network instance.	Current account
Region	Specifies the region where the VPC you want to load is located.	CN North- Beijing4
Instance Type	Specifies the type of the network instance that needs to be loaded to the cloud connection. There are two options: • VPC • Virtual gateway	VPC
VPC	Specifies the VPC you want to load to the cloud connection. This parameter is mandatory if you have set Instance Type to VPC.	VPC-A
VPC CIDR Block	Specifies the subnets in the VPC and custom CIDR blocks. If you have set Instance Type to VPC, you need to configure the following two parameters: • Subnet • Other CIDR Block: Add one or more custom CIDR blocks as needed.	Subnet-A
Remarks	Provides supplementary information about the network instance.	-

Load VPC-B in account B to cc-test.

- 1. Go to the **Cloud Connections** page.
- 2. Click the name of the cloud connection to go to the **Basic Information** tab.
- 3. Click the **Network Instances** tab.
- 4. Click **Load Network Instance**. In the displayed dialog, select **Peer account**. Configure the parameters based on **Table 2-11** and click **OK**.

Table 2-11 Parameters for loading a network instance in a different account from the cloud connection

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Account	Specifies the account that provides the network instance.	Peer account
Peer Account ID	Specifies the ID of the peer account.	ID of account B
Region	Specifies the region where the VPC you want to load is located.	CN East- Shanghai1
Peer Project ID	Specifies the project ID of the VPC in the peer account.	Project ID of account B
Instance Type	Specifies the type of the network instance that needs to be loaded to the cloud connection.	VPC
Peer VPC	Specifies the VPC to be loaded.	ID of VPC-B
VPC CIDR Block	Specifies the CIDR block of the VPC that you want to load to the cloud connection.	Subnet-B
Remarks	Provides supplementary information about the network instance.	-

□ NOTE

- A network instance can only be loaded to one cloud connection.
- If a VPC is loaded, the associated virtual gateway cannot be loaded.

Step 6: Buy a Bandwidth Package

By default, a cloud connection provides 10 kbit/s of bandwidth for testing cross-region network connectivity. To enable normal communication between regions in the same geographic region or different geographic regions, you need to purchase a bandwidth package and bind it to the cloud connection.

In this step, log in to the console as account A.

□ NOTE

One cloud connection can only have one bandwidth package regardless of if the cloud connection is used for communication within a geographic region or between geographic regions.

- 1. Go to the **Buy Bandwidth Package** page.
- 2. Configure the parameters based on Table 2-12 and click Next.

Table 2-12 Parameters for buying a bandwidth package

Parame ter	Description	Exampl e Value	
Basic Info	Basic Information		
Billing Mode	Specifies the billing mode of the bandwidth package. The only option is Yearly/Monthly . You can purchase it by year or month as needed.	Yearly/ Monthly	
Name	Specifies the bandwidth package name. The name can contain 1 to 64 characters. Only digits, letters, underscores (_), hyphens (-), and periods (.) are allowed.	bandwi dthPack ge-test	
Enterpri se Project	Specifies an enterprise project by which cloud resources and members are centrally managed.	default	
Tag (Option al)	Specifies the tag to identify the bandwidth package. A tag consists of a key and a value. You can add 20 tags to a bandwidth package. NOTE If a predefined tag has been created on TMS, you can directly select the corresponding tag key and value. For details about predefined tags, see Predefined Tags.	-	
Bandwidth Details			
Billed By	Specifies by what you want the bandwidth package to be billed.	Bandwi dth	
Applica bility	Specifies whether you want to use the bandwidth package for communication within a geographic region or between geographic regions. There are two options: • Single geographic region: Use the bandwidth package for communication between regions in the same geographic region. • Across geographic regions: Use the bandwidth package for communication between regions in different geographic regions.	Single geograp hic region	

Parame ter	Description	Exampl e Value
Geogra phic Region	Specifies the geographic regions.	Chinese mainlan d
Bandwi dth (Mbit/s)	Specifies the bandwidth you require for communication between regions. The sum of all interregion bandwidths you assign cannot exceed the total bandwidth of the bandwidth package. Assign the bandwidth based on your network plan. Unit: Mbit/s	10
Require d Duratio n	Specifies how long you require the bandwidth package for. Auto renewal is supported.	1
Cloud Connect ion	Specifies the cloud connection you want to bind the bandwidth package to. There are two options: • Bind now	Bind later
	Bind later	

3. Confirm the configuration and submit your order.

Go back to the bandwidth package list and locate the bandwidth package. If its status changes to **Normal**, you can bind the bandwidth package to the cloud connection.

Binding a Bandwidth Package to a Cloud Connection

Bind the purchased bandwidth package to the created cloud connection.

- Go to the Cloud Connections page.
- 2. Click the cloud connection name (cc-test) to go to the Basic Information tab.
- 3. Click the **Bandwidth Packages** tab.
- 4. Click **Bind Bandwidth Package**. In the displayed dialog box, select the purchased bandwidth package (**bandwidthPackge-test**) and click **OK**.

Step 7: Assign an Inter-Region Bandwidth

By default, a cloud connection provides 10 kbit/s of bandwidth for testing cross-region network connectivity.

In this step, log in to the console as account A.

- **Step 1** Go to the **Cloud Connections** page.
- **Step 2** Click the name of the cloud connection to go to the **Basic Information** tab.
- Step 3 Click the Inter-Region Bandwidths tab.

Step 4 Click **Assign Inter-Region Bandwidth** and configure the parameters based on **Table 2-13**.

Table 2-13 Parameters required for assigning an inter-region bandwidth

Paramete r	Description	Example Value
Regions	Specifies the regions of the network instances that need to communicate with each other.	CN North-Beijing4 CN East-Shanghai1
	Select two regions.	
Bandwidt h Package	Specifies the purchased bandwidth package that will be bound to the cloud connection.	bandwidthPackge-test
Bandwidt h (Mbit/s)	Specifies the bandwidth you require for communication between regions, in Mbit/s. The sum of all inter-region bandwidths you assign cannot exceed the total bandwidth of the bandwidth package. Plan the bandwidth in advance.	10

Step 5 Click OK.

Now the VPCs in the two regions can communicate with each other.

□ NOTE

The default security group rules deny all the inbound traffic. Ensure that security group rules in both directions are correctly configured for resources in the regions to ensure normal communication.

----End

3 Connecting On-premises Data Centers and VPCs

3.1 Using a Cloud Connection and Direct Connect to Connect On-Premises Data Centers and VPCs

Scenarios

If you have more than one on-premises data center and VPC, you can use Direct Connect and a cloud connection to connect all your on-premises data centers to the VPCs in different regions.

Figure 3-1 shows an example.

For details about the regions where cloud connections are available, see **Region Availability**.

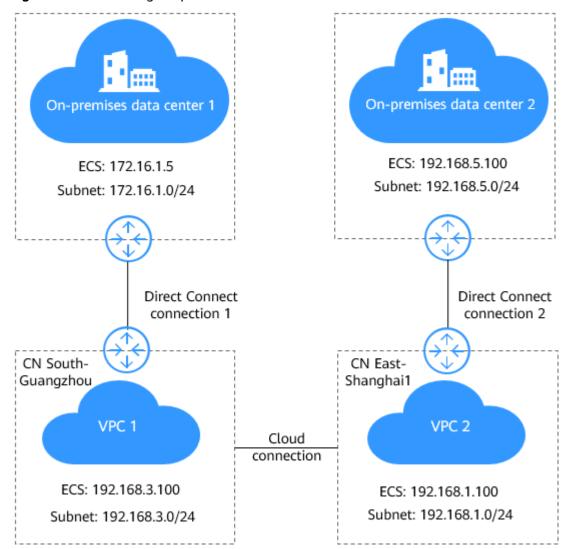


Figure 3-1 Connecting on-premises data centers and VPCs

■ NOTE

When you configure a cloud connection, note that:

- Subnet CIDR blocks of the VPCs cannot overlap or conflict with each other.
- The routes for the subnets in the VPCs cannot conflict with existing routes, including those added for VPC Peering, Direct Connect, or VPN.

Prerequisites

- You have a Huawei Cloud account, and the Huawei Cloud account has been configured with operation permissions of related services.
- The account balance is sufficient to purchase the required resources, such as Direct Connect connections, bandwidth packages, and ECSs.
- Direct Connect locations have been determined and the site survey of onpremises data centers have been completed together with the carrier. For details, see <u>Preparations</u>.
- The VPCs and subnets that need to communicate with each other across regions have been created.

All VPC subnets have been configured for your on-premises data centers.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Configure Direct Connect. In this example, two Direct Connect connections are required to connect each on-premises data center to the cloud.
 - 1. Create a Direct Connect connection.
 - a. Log in to the Direct Connect console.
 - b. On the console homepage, click in the upper left corner and select the desired region and project.
 - c. Click to display Service List and choose Networking > Direct Connect.
 - d. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Direct Connect** > **Connections**.
 - e. Click Create Connection.
 - f. On the **Create Connection** page, configure the parameters based on **Table 3-1**.

Table 3-1 Parameters required for creating a connection

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Region	Specifies the region where the connection is deployed. You can change the region here, or use the region selector in the upper left corner of the console.	CN South- Guangzhou
Connection Name	Specifies the connection name. Enter a desired name.	dc-cc
Location	Specifies the location where your leased line can connect to Huawei Cloud.	Guangzhou- Huangpu- Huaxinyuan
Carrier	Specifies the carrier that provides the leased line.	China Telecom
Port Type	Specifies the type of the port used by the connection. There are four types of ports: 1GE, 10GE, 40GE, and 100GE.	1GE single- mode optical port
Leased Line Bandwidth	Specifies the bandwidth of the connection, in Mbit/s. Select a value from the drop-down list. This is the bandwidth of the leased line you have purchased from the carrier.	1,000

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Your Equipment Room Address	Specifies the address of your equipment room. The address must be specific to the floor on which your equipment room is located, for example, Equipment Room XX, Building XX, No. XX, Huajing Road, Fengdong District, Shanghai.	-
Tag	Identifies the connection. A tag consists of a key and a value. You can add 20 tags to a connection. NOTE If a predefined tag has been created on TMS, you can directly select the corresponding tag key and value. For details about predefined tags, see Predefined Tags.	-
Description	Provides supplementary information about the connection.	-
Billing Mode	Specifies how you are charged. Currently, only Yearly/Monthly is supported.	-
Required Duration	Specifies the duration for which you require the connection.	5 months
Auto-renew	Specifies whether to automatically renew the connection to ensure service continuity. It is recommended that you set the auto-renewal period to be the same as the required duration. If the required duration is three months, the system automatically renews the subscription for every three months.	5 months
Enterprise Project	Provides a cloud resource management mode, in which cloud resources and members are centrally managed by project.	default
Contact Person/ Phone Number/ Contact Email	Specifies information about the person who is responsible for your connection. If you do not provide the contact information, your account information will be used. This will prolong the review.	Tom +086 13912345678 Tom@mail.com

g. Click **Next**

- h. Confirm the order and click Pay.
- i. Click **OK**.
- 2. Connect your data center to the location you select.
 - a. After you have paid for the order, the system automatically allocates a connection ID for you, and the connection information is displayed on the management console. The connection status is **Creating**, when you will be contacted to confirm the construction plan and relevant information (including your company name, constructor, expected construction time, and construction workers).
 - b. After having confirmed the construction plan, you can arrange the carrier to deploy the dedicated line and connect it to your equipment room based on your construction plan.
 - c. In normal cases, Huawei resident engineers will connect the dedicated line to the Huawei Cloud gateway port within two working days.
 - d. After the construction is complete, the connection status becomes **Normal**, indicating that the connection is ready.
- 3. Create a virtual gateway.

Create a virtual gateway to associate it with the VPC in CN South-Guangzhou.

- a. Log in to the management console.
- b. On the console homepage, click in the upper left corner and select the desired region and project.
- c. Click = to display Service List and choose Networking > Direct
- In the navigation pane on the left, choose Direct Connect > Virtual Gateways.
- e. Click Create Virtual Gateway.
- f. Configure the parameters based on Table 3-2.

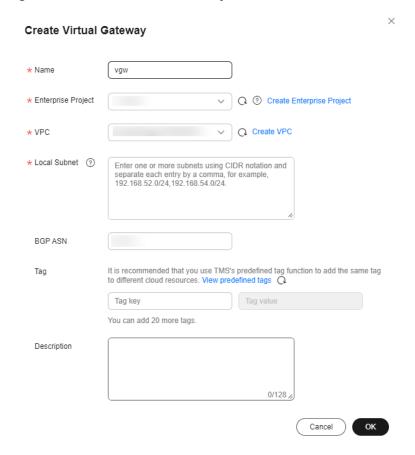


Figure 3-2 Create Virtual Gateway

Table 3-2 Parameters required for creating a virtual gateway

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Name	Specifies the virtual gateway name. The name can contain 1 to 64	vgw-dc-cc
	characters.	
VPC	Specifies the VPC associated with the virtual gateway.	VPC-Guangzhou
Local	Specifies the CIDR blocks of subnets	192.168.1.0/24
Subnet	in the VPC to connect to the on- premises network.	192.168.3.0/24
		192.168.5.0/24
Descriptio n	Provides supplementary information about the virtual gateway.	-
	The description can contain a maximum of 128 characters.	

Add CIDR blocks of all VPC subnets that will communicate with each on-premises data center to ensure normal communication.

q. Click OK.

When the virtual gateway status changes **Normal**, the virtual gateway has been created.

4. Create a virtual interface.

Create a virtual interface over which the on-premises data center connects to Huawei Cloud so that the on-premises data center can access the VPC in CN South-Guangzhou.

- a. Log in to the management console.
- b. On the console homepage, click in the upper left corner and select the desired region and project.
- c. Click to display Service List and choose Networking > Direct Connect.
- d. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Direct Connect** > **Virtual Interfaces**.
- e. Click Create Virtual Interface.
- f. Configure the parameters based on Table 3-3.

Figure 3-3 Create Virtual Interface

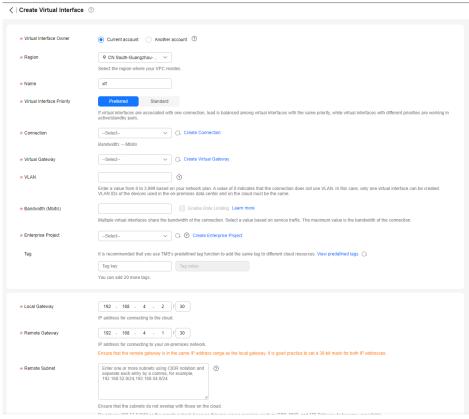


Table 3-3 Parameters required for creating a virtual interface

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Region	Specifies the region where the connection is deployed. You can change the region here, or use the region selector in the upper left corner of the console.	CN South- Guangzhou
Name	Specifies the virtual interface name.	vif-dc-cc
	The name can contain 1 to 64 characters.	
Connection	Specifies the connection you use to connect your data center to the cloud.	dc-cc
Virtual Gateway	Specifies the virtual gateway to which the virtual interface will connect.	vgw-dc-cc
VLAN	Specifies the VLAN of the virtual interface.	25
	You need to configure the VLAN if you buy a self-service connection.	
	The VLAN for a hosted connection will be allocated by the carrier or partner. In this scenario, you do not need to configure the VLAN.	
Enterprise Project	Provides a cloud resource management mode, in which cloud resources and members are centrally managed by project.	default
Bandwidth	Specifies the bandwidth that can be used by the virtual interface, in Mbit/s. The bandwidth cannot exceed that of the connection.	500
Local Gateway	Specifies the IP address for connecting to the cloud.	192.168.4.2/30

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Remote Gateway	Specifies the IP address for connecting to the on-premises network.	192.168.4.1/30
	The IP address of the remote gateway must be in the same network segment as that of the local gateway, and it is recommended that both IP addresses use a 30-bit mask.	
Remote Subnet	Specifies the subnets and masks of the on-premises data center. If there are multiple subnets, use commas (,) to separate them.	172.16.1.0/24
Routing Mode	Specifies the routing mode. Two options are available, static routing and BGP routing.	BGP
	If there are two or more connections, select BGP routing.	
BGP ASN	Specifies the ASN of the BGP peer. Enter a value from 1 to 65535, excluding 64512, which is reserved by Huawei Cloud.	12345
	This parameter is required if you select BGP routing.	
BGP MD5 Authenticatio n Key	Specifies the password used to authenticate the BGP peer using MD5.	12345678
	This parameter is mandatory if you select BGP routing, and you must ensure that the parameter values on both gateways are the same.	
	The value contains 8 to 255 characters and must contain at least two types of the following characters:	
	Uppercase letters	
	Lowercase letters	
	Digits	
	Special characters ~!, .:;"(){} []/@#\$ %^&*+\ =	

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Description	Provides supplementary information about the virtual interface.	-
	The description can contain a maximum of 128 characters.	

- g. Click **Submit**. When the status of the virtual interface changes **Normal**, the virtual interface has been created.
- h. Ping a server in on-premises data center 1 from an ECS in the VPC in CN South-Guangzhou (VPC 1) to test network connectivity.
- 5. Repeat **Step 1.1** to **Step 1.4** to establish network connectivity between onpremises data center 2 and the VPC in CN East-Shanghai1 (VPC 2).

Step 2 Create a cloud connection.

- 1. Create a cloud connection.
 - a. Go to the **Cloud Connections** page.
 - b. In the upper right corner of the page, click **Create Cloud Connection**.
 - c. Configure the parameters based on Table 3-4.

Table 3-4 Parameters for creating a cloud connection

Param eter	Description	Example Value
Name	Specifies the cloud connection name. The name can contain 1 to 64 characters. Only letters, digits, underscores (_), hyphens (-), and periods (.) are allowed.	CloudConnec t
Enterp rise Project	Specifies an enterprise project by which cloud resources and members are centrally managed.	default
Scenar io	VPC : Only VPCs or virtual gateways can use this cloud connection.	VPC
Tag	Specifies the tag to identify the cloud connection. A tag consists of a key and a value. You can add up to 20 tags to a cloud connection.	-
	NOTE If a predefined tag has been created on TMS, you can directly select the corresponding tag key and value.	
	For details about predefined tags, see Predefined Tags .	

Param eter	Description	Example Value
Descri ption	Provides supplementary information about the cloud connection.	-
	The description can contain no more than 255 characters.	

d. Click OK.

2. Load network instances.

Load the VPCs in CN South-Guangzhou and CN East-Shanghai1 to the created cloud connection.

- a. In the cloud connection list, click the name (CloudConnect) of the cloud connection.
- b. On the Network Instances tab, click Load Network Instance.
- c. Configure the parameters.

□ NOTE

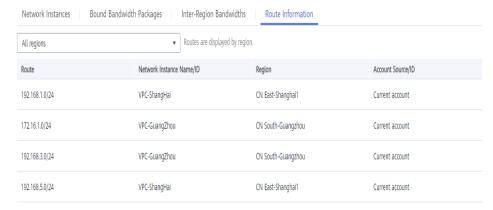
To enable the on-premises data center to access the VPC, you need to add the subnet used in the on-premises data center as a custom CIDR block.

- d. Click **OK**. The VPC in CN South-Guangzhou has been loaded to the cloud connection.
- e. Repeat the preceding steps to load the VPC in CN East-Shanghai to the cloud connection.

∩ NOTE

After the VPCs are loaded, they are on the same network. You can view the routes of each VPC on the **Route Information** tab.

Figure 3-4 Route Information



3. Buy a bandwidth package.

By default, Cloud Connect provides 10 kbit/s of bandwidth for testing cross-region network connectivity.

To ensure normal communication, you need to purchase a bandwidth package and bind it to the cloud connection.

- a. In the cloud connection list, click the name (**CloudConnect**) of the cloud connection.
- b. On the **Bandwidth Packages** tab, click **Buy Bandwidth Package**.
- c. Configure the parameters.

Because the two VPCs are in the Chinese mainland, select **Single geographic region** for **Applicability** and **Chinese mainland** for **Geographic Region**.

- d. Click Next.
- e. Confirm the configuration and submit your order.

Go back to the bandwidth package list. If its status changes to **Normal**, you can bind the bandwidth package to the cloud connection.

◯ NOTE

In the navigation pane, choose **Bandwidth Packages**. On the displayed page, locate the bandwidth package you just purchased. You can view its details, such as the billing mode, order information, cloud connection bound to, used bandwidth, and remaining bandwidth. You can also modify, unbind, renew, and unsubscribe from the bandwidth package.

- 4. Assign an inter-region bandwidth.
 - a. In the cloud connection list, click the name (**CloudConnect**) of the cloud connection.
 - b. On the Inter-Region Bandwidths tab, click Assign Inter-Region Bandwidth.
 - c. Configure the parameters.

Select **CN South-Guangzhou** and **CN East-Shanghai1** for **Regions**. The system automatically displays the bandwidth package bound to the cloud connection. Set the bandwidth based on your requirements, for example, 1 Mbit/s.

d. View the assigned bandwidth on the Inter-Region Bandwidths tab.

□ NOTE

The default security group rules deny all the inbound traffic. Ensure that security group rules in both directions are correctly configured for resources in the regions to ensure normal communication.

Step 3 Configure local routes on the on-premises data centers.

- In on-premises data center 1, add routes to the VPC in CN South-Guangzhou (192.168.3.0/24), to the VPC in CN East-Shanghai1 (192.168.1.0/24), and to on-premises data center 2 (192.168.5.0/24).
- In on-premises data center 2, add routes to the VPC in CN East-Shanghai1 (192.168.1.0/24), to the VPC in CN South-Guangzhou (192.168.3.0/24), and to on-premises data center 1 (172.16.1.0/24).

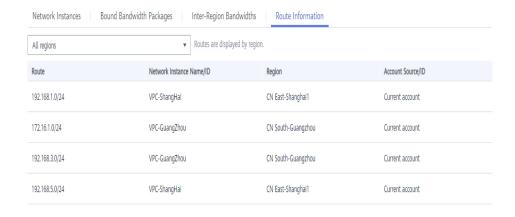
----End

Verification

1. Ping an ECS in the VPC in CN East-Shanghai1 and a server in each data center from an ECS in the VPC in CN South-Guangzhou.

2. Ping an ECS in the VPC in CN South-Guangzhou and a server in each data center from an ECS in the VPC in CN East-Shanghai1.

3. View the routes.



4 Connecting VPCs in Different Geographic Regions

4.1 Using a Cloud Connection to Connect VPCs in Two Geographic Regions

Solution Overview

Scenario

A company has two branches, one in Beijing and the other in Hong Kong. There are two VPCs available, one in the CN North-Beijing4 region, and the other in the CN-Hong Kong region. To enable the two branches to communicate with each other over a private network, a cloud connection is used to link the two VPCs in different regions.

■ NOTE

For details about the regions where cloud connections are available, see **Region Availability**.

Solution Architecture

- 1. Create a cloud connection.
- 2. Load the two VPCs to the cloud connection.
- 3. Buy a bandwidth package and assign an inter-region bandwidth.
- 4. Confirm whether the two VPCs can communicate with each other through the cloud connection.

For details, see Figure 4-1.

Cloud connection

Load the VPC.

Assign inter-region bandwidths.

VPC in Beijing

VPC in Hong Kong (China)

Figure 4-1 Communication between VPCs in different regions

Advantages

- Ease of use: In just four simple steps, you can build cross-region connectivity between VPCs.
- High performance: Cloud Connect leverages the global network infrastructure
 of the public cloud to provide high-quality, low-latency connectivity with
 bandwidth that can be flexibly adjusted to meet changing service
 requirements.

Constraints

- A cloud connection cannot be used to connect VPCs that have overlapping CIDR blocks, or communication will fail.
- If you load a VPC to a cloud connection created using the same account, you cannot enter loopback addresses, multicast addresses, or broadcast addresses for the custom CIDR block.
- If a NAT gateway has been created for any VPC you have loaded to a cloud connection, a custom CIDR block needs to be added and set to 0.0.0.0/0.

Resource Planning

The following table describes the resource planning in the best practice.

Table 4-1 Resources required

Huawei Cloud Region	Reso urce	Description	Number of Route Tables	Billing
CN North- Beijing4	VPC	VPC subnet: 192.168.1.0/24 Custom CIDR block:	1	Free
, 3		192.168.44.0/24		

Huawei Cloud Region	Reso urce	Description	Number of Route Tables	Billing
CN-Hong Kong	VPC	VPC subnet: 192.168.0.0/24 Custom CIDR block: 192.168.11.0/24	1	Free
Global	Clou d conn ectio n	Cross-region (Chinese mainland - Asia Pacific) bandwidth package	1	For details, see Cloud Connect Pricing Details.

Procedure for Connecting VPCs in Beijing and Hong Kong

In this example, to connect the VPC in CN North-Beijing4 and the VPC in CN-Hong Kong, you need to apply for a cross-border permit to ensure data transmission security. Then, you need to create a cloud connection and load the two VPCs, purchase a bandwidth package, and assign inter-region bandwidths.

Figure 4-2 Process for connecting VPCs in different geographic regions using a cloud connection



Table 4-2 Process description

Procedure	What to Do
Step 1: Apply for a Cross-Border Permit	Download the material templates for requesting a cross-border permit.
Step 2: Create a Cloud Connection	Create a cloud connection for connecting the VPCs.
Step 3: Load Network Instances	Load the VPCs in different regions (CN North-Beijing4 and CN-Hong Kong) to the cloud connection.
Step 4: Buy a Bandwidth Package	Purchase a bandwidth package for communication between Chinese mainland and Asia Pacific.
Step 5: Assign an Inter-Region Bandwidth	Assign an inter-region bandwidth.

Step 1: Apply for a Cross-Border Permit

If a VPC you want to connect is outside the Chinese mainland, you need to apply for a cross-border permit.

Skip this step if communication across geographic regions is not required.

- **Step 1** Go to the **Bandwidth Packages** page.
- **Step 2** On the displayed page, click **apply now**.

If the registered address of your business entity is in the Chinese mainland, click here to go to the Cross-Border Service Application System page.

If the registered address of your business entity is outside the Chinese mainland, click **here** to go to the **Cross-Border Service Application System** page.

Select the address for applying for the cross-border permit based on the registration address of your business entity.

Step 3 On the displayed page, select an applicant type, configure the parameters as prompted, and upload the required materials.

NOTICE

Prepare and upload the materials required on the application page.

Table 4-3 Online cross-border permit application

Parameter	Description	
Applicant Name	The applicant name, which must be the same as the company name in the <i>Letter of Commitment to Information Security</i> .	
Huawei Cloud UID	The account ID to log in to the management console. You can take the following steps to obtain your account ID.	
	1. Log in to the management console.	
	Move you cursor over the username in the upper right corner and select My Credentials from the drop-down list.	
	3. On the API Credentials page, obtain the Account ID .	
Bandwidth(M)	For reference only	
Start Date	For reference only	
Termination Date	For reference only	
Customer Type	Select a type based on the actual situation.	

Parameter	Description
Country of the Customer	Country where the applicant is located.
Contact Name	-
Contact Number	-
Type of ID	-
ID Number	-
Scope of Business	Briefly describe the main business.
Number of Employees	For reference only
Branch Location Country	Country where the applicant branch is located. Set this parameter based on the actual situation.

Table 4-4 Required materials

Paramet er	Description	Required Material	Sign ature	Seal
Business License	Upload a photo of the business license with the official seal.	A scanned copy of your company's business license	-	√
	For the position of the seal, see the template provided by Huawei Cloud.			
Service Agreeme nt	Download the Huawei Cloud Cross-Border Circuit Service Agreement, fill in the blank, upload the copy of agreement with the signature and official seal.	A scanned copy of the <i>Huawei Cloud</i> <i>Cross-Border</i> <i>Circuit Service</i> <i>Agreement</i>	√	√
	Sign the material on the signature block.			
	Stamp the seal over the signature.			

Paramet er	Description	Required Material	Sign ature	Seal
Letter of Commit ment to Informati on Security	Download the China Unicom Letter of Commitment to Information Security of the Cross-Border Circuit Service, fill in the blank, and upload the copy of the letter with the signature and seal. Sign the material on the signature block. Stamp the seal over the signature. Specify the bandwidth you estimated and your company name.	A scanned copy of the <i>China Unicom Letter of Commitment to Information Security of the Cross-Border Circuit Service</i>	✓	√

Step 4 Click Submit.

□ NOTE

After you submit the application, the status will change to **Pending approval**. The review takes about one working day. When the status changes to **Approved**, the cross-border permit is ready for use.

----End

Step 2: Create a Cloud Connection

- **Step 1** Go to the **Cloud Connections** page.
- **Step 2** In the upper right corner of the page, click **Create Cloud Connection**.
- **Step 3** Configure the parameters based on **Table 4-5**.

Table 4-5 Parameters for creating a cloud connection

Paramet er	Description	Example Value
Name	Specifies the cloud connection name. The name can contain 1 to 64 characters. Only letters, digits, underscores (_), hyphens (-), and periods (.) are allowed.	cc-test
Enterpris e Project	Specifies an enterprise project by which cloud resources and members are centrally managed.	default

Paramet er	Description	Example Value
Scenario	VPC : Only VPCs or virtual gateways can use this cloud connection.	VPC
Tag	Specifies the tag to identify the cloud connection. A tag consists of a key and a value. You can add up to 20 tags to a cloud connection. NOTE If a predefined tag has been created on TMS, you can directly select the corresponding tag key and value. For details about predefined tags, see Predefined Tags.	-
Descripti on	Provides supplementary information about the cloud connection. The description can contain no more than 255 characters.	-

Step 4 Click OK.

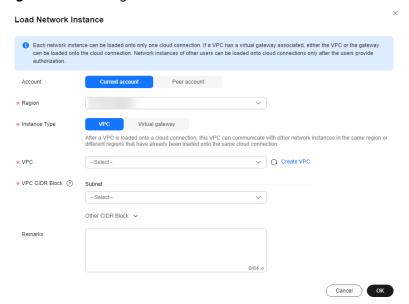
----End

Step 3: Load Network Instances

Load the VPCs that need to communicate with each other to the cloud connection.

- **Step 1** Go to the **Cloud Connections** page.
- Step 2 Click the name of the cloud connection to go to the Basic Information tab.
- Step 3 Click the Network Instances tab.
- Step 4 Click Load Network Instance.
- **Step 5** Configure the parameters based on **Table 4-6** and click **OK**.

Figure 4-3 Loading a VPC



		1
Parameter	Description	Example Value
Account	Specifies the account that provides the network instance.	Current account
Region	Specifies the region where the VPC you want to load is located.	CN North- Beijing4
Instance Type	Specifies the type of the network instance that needs to be loaded to the cloud connection. There are two options: • VPC	VPC
	Virtual gateway	
VPC	Specifies the VPC you want to load to the cloud connection.	VPC in Beijing
	This parameter is mandatory if you have set Instance Type to VPC.	
VPC CIDR Block	Specifies the subnets in the VPC and custom CIDR blocks.	Beijing Subnet
	If you have set Instance Type to VPC , you need to configure the following two parameters:	

Other CIDR Block: Add one or more custom

Provides supplementary information about the

Table 4-6 Parameters for loading network instances in the same account as the cloud connection

Step 6 In the displayed dialog box, click **Continue Loading** to load the VPC in CN-Hong Kong. Close the dialog box and view the loaded VPCs on the **Network Instances** tab.

CIDR blocks as needed.

Subnet

network instance.

----End

Remarks

Step 4: Buy a Bandwidth Package

By default, a cloud connection provides 10 kbit/s of bandwidth for testing cross-region network connectivity. To enable normal communication between regions in the same geographic region or different geographic regions, you need to purchase a bandwidth package and bind it to the cloud connection.

- **Step 1** Click the name of the created cloud connection to go to the **Basic Information** page.
- Step 2 Click the Bandwidth Packages tab.

Step 3 Click **Buy Bandwidth Package**. On the displayed page, configure parameters based on **Table 4-7** and click **Next**.

Table 4-7 Parameters for buying a bandwidth package

Parame ter	Description				
Basic Info	Basic Information				
Billing Mode	The only option is Yearly/Monthly . You can purchase it by year or month as needed.	Yearly/ Monthly			
Name	Specifies the bandwidth package name. The name can contain 1 to 64 characters. Only digits, letters, underscores (_), hyphens (-), and periods (.) are allowed.				
Enterpris e Project	Specifies an enterprise project by which cloud resources and members are centrally managed.	default			
Tag (Option al)	Specifies the tag to identify the bandwidth package. A tag consists of a key and a value. You can add 20 tags to a bandwidth package. NOTE If a predefined tag has been created on TMS, you can directly select the corresponding tag key and value. For details about predefined tags, see Predefined Tags.	1			
Bandwidt	h Details				
Billed By	Specifies by what you want the bandwidth package to be billed.	Bandwid th			
Applicab ility	 Specifies whether you want to use the bandwidth package for communication within a geographic region or between geographic regions. There are two options: Single geographic region: Use the bandwidth package for communication between regions in the same geographic region. Across geographic regions: Use the bandwidth package for communication between regions in 	Single geograp hic region			
	different geographic regions.				
Geograp hic Region	Specifies the geographic regions.	Chinese mainlan d			
Bandwid th (Mbit/s)	Specifies the bandwidth you require for communication between regions. The sum of all inter-region bandwidths you assign cannot exceed the total bandwidth of the bandwidth package. Assign the bandwidth based on your network plan. Unit: Mbit/s	10			

Parame ter	Description	Example Value
Required Duration	Specifies how long you require the bandwidth package for. Auto renewal is supported.	1
Cloud Connecti	Specifies the cloud connection you want to bind the bandwidth package to. There are two options:	Bind later
on	 Bind now Bind later 	tater

Step 4 Confirm the configuration and submit your order.

Go back to the bandwidth package list and locate the bandwidth package. If its status changes to **Normal**, you can bind the bandwidth package to the cloud connection.

----End

Step 5: Assign an Inter-Region Bandwidth

By default, a cloud connection provides 10 kbit/s of bandwidth for testing cross-region network connectivity.

- **Step 1** Click the name of the created cloud connection to go to the **Basic Information** page.
- Step 2 Click the Inter-Region Bandwidths tab.
- **Step 3** Click **Assign Inter-Region Bandwidth** and configure the parameters based on **Table 4-8**.

Table 4-8 Parameters required for assigning an inter-region bandwidth

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Regions	Specifies the regions of the network instances that need to communicate with each other. Select two regions.	CN North- Beijing4 CN-Hong Kong
Bandwidth Package	Specifies the purchased bandwidth package that will be bound to the cloud connection.	bandwidthPackge -test
Bandwidth (Mbit/s)	Specifies the bandwidth you require for communication between regions, in Mbit/s. The sum of all inter-region bandwidths you assign cannot exceed the total bandwidth of the bandwidth package. Plan the bandwidth in advance.	10

Step 4 Click OK.

Now the branches in Beijing and Hong Kong can communicate with each other. You can check the routing information to verify the configuration.

----End

4.2 Using a Cloud Connection to Connect VPCs in Three Geographic Regions

Background

Instances in the VPCs in different regions can use EIPs or VPN connections to communicate with each other. However, EIPs and VPN connections are not so reliable because they are over the Internet, and if you use EIPs, data cannot be encrypted. To ensure stable and encrypted transmission, you can use Cloud Connect to connect the VPCs.

Scenarios

You have four VPCs, two in the CN East-Shanghai1 region, one in the CN-Hong Kong region, and one in the AF-Johannesburg region. You can use a cloud connection to connect the VPCs in the three regions to build a network that features high performance, high availability, and low latency. The following figure shows a typical scenario where a cloud connection is used to enable communication among these VPCs in different regions.

For details about the regions where cloud connections are available, see **Region Availability**.

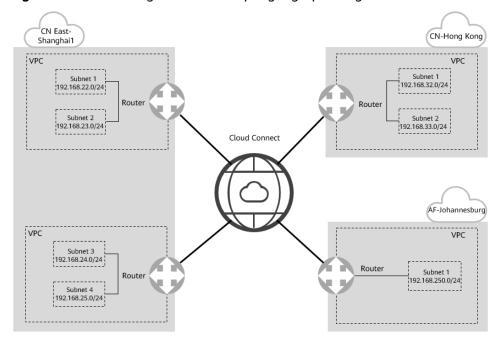


Figure 4-4 Connecting VPCs in multiple geographic regions

When you configure a cloud connection, note that:

- Subnet CIDR blocks of the VPCs cannot overlap or conflict with each other.
- The routes for the subnets in the VPCs cannot conflict with existing routes, including those added for VPC Peering, Direct Connect, or VPN.

Prerequisites

- The VPCs and subnets that need to communicate with each other across regions have been created.
- The account balance is sufficient to purchase bandwidth packages.
- A cross-border permit has been obtained from China Unicom. In this practice, there are two VPCs outside the Chinese mainland. In accordance with the regulations of the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology (MIIT), before you purchase bandwidth packages, you need to apply for a crossborder permit from China Unicom.

Step 1: Apply for a Cross-Border Permit

If a VPC you want to connect is outside the Chinese mainland, you need to apply for a cross-border permit.

Skip this step if communication across geographic regions is not required.

- **Step 1** Go to the **Bandwidth Packages** page.
- **Step 2** On the displayed page, click **apply now**.

If the registered address of your business entity is in the Chinese mainland, click **here** to go to the **Cross-Border Service Application System** page.

If the registered address of your business entity is outside the Chinese mainland, click **here** to go to the **Cross-Border Service Application System** page.

□ NOTE

Select the address for applying for the cross-border permit based on the registration address of your business entity.

Step 3 On the displayed page, select an applicant type, configure the parameters as prompted, and upload the required materials.

NOTICE

Prepare and upload the materials required on the application page.

Table 4-9 Online cross-border permit application

Parameter	Description
Applicant Name	The applicant name, which must be the same as the company name in the Letter of Commitment to Information Security.
Huawei Cloud UID	The account ID to log in to the management console. You can take the following steps to obtain your account ID.
	1. Log in to the management console.
	2. Move you cursor over the username in the upper right corner and select My Credentials from the drop-down list.
	3. On the API Credentials page, obtain the Account ID .
Bandwidth(M)	For reference only
Start Date	For reference only
Termination Date	For reference only
Customer Type	Select a type based on the actual situation.
Country of the Customer	Country where the applicant is located.
Contact Name	-
Contact Number	-
Type of ID	-
ID Number	-
Scope of Business	Briefly describe the main business.
Number of Employees	For reference only

Parameter	Description
Branch Location Country	Country where the applicant branch is located. Set this parameter based on the actual situation.

Table 4-10 Required materials

Paramet er	Description	Required Material	Sign ature	Seal
Business License	Upload a photo of the business license with the official seal. For the position of the seal, see the template provided by Huawei Cloud.	A scanned copy of your company's business license	-	√
Service Agreeme nt	Download the Huawei Cloud Cross-Border Circuit Service Agreement, fill in the blank, upload the copy of agreement with the signature and official seal. Sign the material on the signature block. Stamp the seal over the signature.	A scanned copy of the <i>Huawei Cloud</i> <i>Cross-Border</i> <i>Circuit Service</i> <i>Agreement</i>	√	√
Letter of Commit ment to Informati on Security	Download the China Unicom Letter of Commitment to Information Security of the Cross-Border Circuit Service, fill in the blank, and upload the copy of the letter with the signature and seal. Sign the material on the signature block. Stamp the seal over the signature. Specify the bandwidth you estimated and your company name.	A scanned copy of the China Unicom Letter of Commitment to Information Security of the Cross-Border Circuit Service	√	√

Step 4 Click Submit.

□ NOTE

After you submit the application, the status will change to **Pending approval**. The review takes about one working day. When the status changes to **Approved**, you can buy bandwidth packages.

----End

Step 2: Create a Cloud Connection

- **Step 1** Go to the **Cloud Connections** page.
- **Step 2** In the upper right corner of the page, click **Create Cloud Connection**.
- **Step 3** Configure the parameters based on **Table 4-11**.

Figure 4-5 Create Cloud Connection

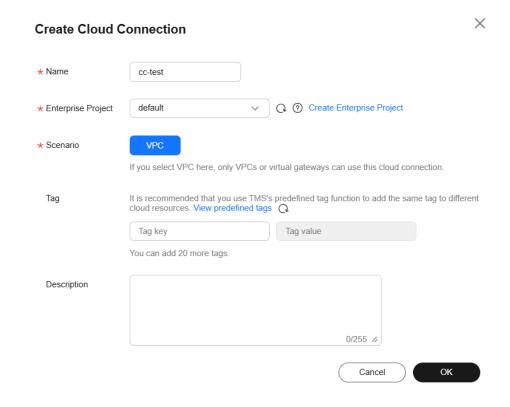


Table 4-11 Parameters for creating a cloud connection

Paramet er	Description	Exampl e Value
Name	Specifies the cloud connection name.	cc-test
	The name can contain 1 to 64 characters. Only letters, digits, underscores (_), hyphens (-), and periods (.) are allowed.	

Paramet er	Description	Exampl e Value
Enterpris e Project	Specifies an enterprise project by which cloud resources and members are centrally managed.	default
Scenario	VPC : Only VPCs or virtual gateways can use this cloud connection.	VPC
Tag	Specifies the tag to identify the cloud connection. A tag consists of a key and a value. You can add up to 20 tags to a cloud connection. NOTE	-
	If a predefined tag has been created on TMS, you can directly select the corresponding tag key and value.	
	For details about predefined tags, see Predefined Tags .	
Descripti on	Provides supplementary information about the cloud connection.	-
	The description can contain no more than 255 characters.	

Step 4 Click OK.

----End

Step 3: Load Network Instances

Load the VPCs that need to communicate with each other to the created cloud connection.

- **Step 1** In the cloud connection list, locate the cloud connection you just created (**cc-test**) and click its name.
- **Step 2** On the **Network Instances** tab, click **Load Network Instance**.
- **Step 3** Select **CN East-Shanghai1** for **Region** and **VPC** for **Instance Type**, select the VPC and its subnets, and click **OK**.
- **Step 4** Repeat the preceding steps to load the other VPC in CN East-Shanghai1, the VPC in CN-Hong Kong, and the VPC in AF-Johannesburg to the cloud connection.

■ NOTE

After the VPCs are loaded to the cloud connection, they are on the same network. You can view the routes of each VPC on the **Route Information** tab.

----End

Step 4: Buy Bandwidth Packages

By default, Cloud Connect provides 10 kbit/s of bandwidth for testing cross-region network connectivity.

To ensure normal communication, you need to purchase two bandwidth packages and bind them to the cloud connection.

- **Step 1** In the cloud connection list, click the name (**cc-test**) of the cloud connection.
- **Step 2** On the **Bandwidth Packages** tab, click **Buy Bandwidth Package**.
- **Step 3** On the displayed page, configure the name, billing mode, applicability, geographic regions, bandwidth size, and required duration, enable auto renewal (if required), and then bind the bandwidth packages to the cloud connection. Select **Across geographic regions** for **Applicability** because the four VPCs are in three geographic regions.
 - 1. To enable communication between CN East-Shanghai1 and CN-Hong Kong, select **Chinese mainland** and **Asia Pacific** as geographic regions and set the bandwidth to 30 Mbit/s.
 - 2. To enable communication between CN East-Shanghai1 and AF-Johannesburg, select **Chinese mainland** and **Southern Africa** as geographic regions and set the bandwidth to 2 Mbit/s.

Click **Bind now**, select the cloud connection (**cc-test**) you just created, and click **Next**.

Step 4 Confirm the configuration and submit your order.

Go back to the bandwidth package list and locate the bandwidth package. If its status changes to **Normal**, you can bind the bandwidth packages to the cloud connection.

On the **Bandwidth Packages** tab, you can view the purchased bandwidth packages and their details, such as the billing mode, order information, the cloud connection, used bandwidth, and remaining bandwidth. You can also modify, unbind, renew, and unsubscribe from the bandwidth packages.

----End

Step 5: Assign Inter-Region Bandwidths

Assign an inter-region bandwidth from each purchased bandwidth package for communication between the VPCs.

- **Step 1** Click the name of the created cloud connection to go to the details page. On the **Inter-Region Bandwidths** tab, click **Assign Inter-Region Bandwidth**.
- **Step 2** Select **CN East-Shanghai1** and **CN-Hong Kong** for **Regions**. The bandwidth package that you have purchased is displayed. Set the inter-region bandwidth to 30 Mbit/s.

Repeat the steps to assign 2 Mbit/s of inter-region bandwidth for communication between CN East-Shanghai1 and AF-Johannesburg.

Step 3 View the assigned inter-region bandwidths on the **Inter-Region Bandwidths** tab.

Now, the VPCs can communicate with each other.

□ NOTE

The default security group rules deny all the inbound traffic. Ensure that security group rules in both directions are correctly configured for resources in the regions to ensure normal communication.

----End

5 Connecting VPCs in Different Accounts

Scenarios

You can load the VPCs in other accounts to your own cloud connection so that these VPCs can communicate with the VPCs in your account.

■ NOTE

For details about the regions where cloud connections are available, see **Region Availability**.

Figure 5-1 shows an example.

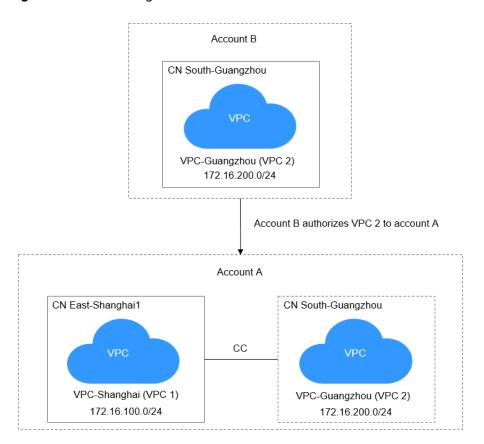


Figure 5-1 Connecting VPCs in different accounts

◯ NOTE

- Account A: This is your account. You need to ask the other account (account B) to allow you to load VPC 2 to your cloud connection.
- Account B: This is the other account that grants you the permission to load VPC 2 to your cloud connection.
 - (If multiple VPCs in account B need to communicate with each other across regions, you can request permission to load all these VPCs to your cloud connection.)
- You load VPC 1 and VPC 2 to your cloud connection to enable the two VPCs to communicate with each other. The other user does not need to create a cloud connection, purchase a bandwidth package, or assign an inter-region bandwidth.

Prerequisites

You have the permissions of **Tenant Guest**, **VPC Administrator**, and **Cross Connect Administrator** for the region where the VPC in the other account resides.

In this scenario, account A must have the permissions of the preceding roles in the CN South-Guangzhou region where VPC 2 of account B resides.

For details, see **Permission Management**.

Procedure

Step 1 Create a VPC in your account, ask this other user to create another VPC in their account, and ensure that CIDR blocks of the two VPCs do not conflict with each other.

VPC in your account: 172.16.100.0/24

VPC in the other account: 172.16.200.0/24

For details, see **Creating a VPC**.

Step 2 Create a cloud connection.

For details, see **Creating a Cloud Connection**.

Step 3 Ask the other user to allow you to load VPC 2 to your cloud connection.

For details, see Allowing Other Accounts to Load Your VPCs.

Step 4 Load the two VPCs to your cloud connection.

For details about how to load a VPC of the other user, see **Loading the VPCs of Other Accounts**.

For details about how to load the VPC in your account, see **Loading a Network Instance**.

Step 5 Buy a bandwidth package and bind it to your cloud connection.

For details, see **Purchasing a Bandwidth Package**.

Step 6 Assign an inter-region bandwidth.

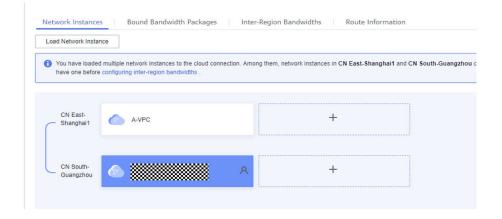
For details, see Assigning Inter-Region Bandwidth.

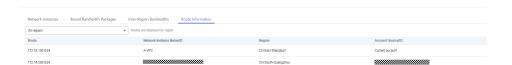
----End

Verification

View the routes of the cloud connection and verify these VPCs can communicate with each other.

For details, see Viewing Route Information.





6 Using a Cloud Connection and SNAT to Enable Private Networks to Access the Internet

Scenario

When customers require high-speed Internet access from their on-premises data centers to locations outside the Chinese mainland, they can use VPN, Cloud Connect, NAT Gateway (SNAT rules), and EIP.

For example, these services can enable fast access to services in Africa, Europe, or America.

For details about the regions where cloud connections are available, see **Region Availability**.

Use Cases

- Using VPN to connect a customer's on-premises data center to a VPC in CN North-Beijing4
- Using a cloud connection to connect the VPC in CN North-Beijing4 to a VPC in CN-Hong Kong for network acceleration
- 3. Purchasing NAT gateway in CN-Hong Kong, and adding an SNAT rule to enable on-premises servers to share the EIP to access the Internet outside the Chinese mainland

Figure 6-1 shows an example.

VPN local gateway:
223.223.223

Customer network
172.18.0.0/24

VPN

CN East-Shanghail

VPN local gateway: 49.49.49.49

VPC: 172.16.0.0/24

VPC: 172.16.0.0/24

VPC: 172.17.0.0/24

CN-Hong Kong

CN-H

Figure 6-1 Enabling access to the Internet

NOTE

- In this solution, the network in CN East-Shanghai1 represents the on-premises data center.
- The CIDR block of the Internet outside the Chinese mainland is 8.8.8.0/24, and 8.8.8.8 is the only IP address used for testing.

Advantages

Cross-border connectivity and accelerated network access provide better user experience.

Constraints

The user account needs cross-border permissions. Otherwise, the user needs to authorize the current VPCs to an account with the cross-border permissions to create a cloud connection.

Resource Planning

Table 6-1 Resources required

Resource	Resource Name	Description	Quantit y
VPC	PC VPC-Test01 Region: CN East-Shanghai1 CIDR block: 172.18.0.0/24 172.18.0.0/24 represents the onpremises network.		1
	VPC-Test02	Region: CN North-Beijing4 CIDR block: 172.16.0.0/24	1
	VPC-Test03	Region: CN-Hong Kong CIDR block: 172.17.0.0/24	1
EIP	EIP-Test	Region: CN-Hong Kong	1
NAT gateway	NAT-Test	You need to purchase it in VPC- Test03 and use EIP EIP-Test.	1

Resource	Resource Name	Description	Quantit y
VPN gateway	VPN-GW- Test01	Region: CN North-Beijing4 Local gateway: 49.49.49.49	1
	VPN-GW- Test02	Region: CN East-Shanghai1 Local gateway: 223.223.223.223	1
VPN connection	VPN-Test01	It is created to connect to VPN-GW-Test01 .	1
	VPN-Test02	It is created to connect to VPN-GW-Test02 .	1
Cloud connection	CC-Test	It enables cross-region access between CN North-Beijing4 and CN-Hong Kong and accelerates network access.	1
ECS	ECS-Test01	Region: CN East-Shanghai1 Private IP address: 172.18.0.3	1
	ECS-Test02	Region: CN East-Beijing4 Private IP address: 172.16.0.3	1
	ECS-Test03	Region: CN-Hong Kong region Private IP address: 172.17.0.3	1

Process

- 1. Create VPCs.
- 2. Create two VPN connections.
- 3. Create a cloud connection.
- 4. Buy three ECSs.
- 5. **Buy an EIP and a NAT gateway**.

Procedure

Step 1 Create VPCs.

For details, see **Creating a VPC**.

Ensure that the VPC CIDR blocks do not conflict with each other.

- VPC in CN East-Shanghai1 (VPC-Test01): 172.18.0.0/24
- VPC in CN North-Beijing4 (VPC-Test02): 172.16.0.0/24
- VPC in the CN-Hong Kong (VPC-Test03): 172.17.0.0/24

Step 2 Create two VPN connections.

Create VPN-GW-Test01 in CN North-Beijing4 and buy VPN-Test01.

Create VPN-GW-Test02 in CN East-Shanghai1 and buy VPN-Test02.

For details, see **Buying a VPN Gateway** and **Buying a VPN Connection**.

For details, see **Creating a VPN Gateway** and **Creating a VPN Connection**.

• In CN North-Beijing4:

Local subnets: 172.16.0.0/24, 172.17.0.0/24, and 8.8.8.0/24

- Remote gateway: 223.223.223.223

Remote subnet: 172.18.0.0/24

In CN East-Shanghai1:

Local subnet: 172.18.0.0/24Remote gateway: 49.49.49.49

Remote subnets: 172.16.0.0/24, 172.17.0.0/24, and 8.8.8.0/24

□ NOTE

When configuring the VPN connection between CN North-Beijing4 and CN East-Shanghai1, you need to ensure that local CIDR blocks in CN North-Beijing4 and remote subnets (8.8.8.0/24) in CN East-Shanghai1 are included so that these subnets can access the Internet outside of the Chinese mainland.

Step 3 Create a cloud connection.

1. Create a cloud connection (**CC-Test**).

For details, see **Creating a Cloud Connection**.

2. Load the three VPCs to the created cloud connection.

For details, see **Loading a Network Instance**.

3. Add custom CIDR blocks.

For details, see Adding Custom CIDR Blocks for a Cloud Connection.

- When you load the VPC in CN North-Beijing4, you need to add CIDR blocks 172.18.0.0/24 and 172.16.0.0/24.
- When you load the VPC in CN-Hong Kong, you need to add CIDR blocks 172.17.0.0/24 and 8.8.8.0/24.

□ NOTE

To enable communication among all nodes, you need to add all local subnets.

4. Buy a bandwidth package.

By default, a cloud connection provides 10 kbit/s of bandwidth for testing cross-region network connectivity. You need to buy a bandwidth package to ensure normal communication across regions.

For details, see **Buying a Bandwidth Package**.

5. Assign inter-region bandwidths.

For details, see **Assigning an Inter-Region Bandwidth**.

Step 4 Buy three ECSs.

Buy one ECS in each of the following regions: CN East-Shanghai1, CN North-Beijing4, and CN-Hong Kong.

For details, see Purchasing an ECS.

- Private IP address of the ECS (ECS-Test01) in CN East-Shanghai1: 172.18.0.3
- Private IP address of the ECS (ECS-Test02) in CN North-Beijing4: 172.16.0.3
- Private IP address of the ECS (ECS-Test03) in CN-Hong Kong: 172.17.0.3

Step 5 Buy an EIP and a NAT gateway.

Buy an EIP (**EIP-Test**) in the CN-Hong Kong region, buy a public NAT gateway (**NAT-Test**), and add an SNAT rule for each of the following CIDR blocks:

For details, see Assigning an EIP and Binding It to an ECS and Adding an SNAT Rule.

- VPC CIDR block: 172.17.0.0/24
- Direct Connect connection/Cloud connection CIDR blocks: 172.18.0.0/24 and 172.16.0.0/24

□ NOTE

SNAT rules allow servers in private networks to access the Internet (8.8.8.0/24) outside the Chinese mainland.

----End

Verification

Test the network connectivity.

Ping the gateway (8.8.8.8) from the ECS in CN East-Shanghai1.

```
[root@ecs-d7e8 ~1# ping 8.8.8.8
PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=51 time=71.1 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=51 time=69.5 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=3 ttl=51 time=69.6 ms
```

Using a Cloud Connection and DNAT to Enable the Internet to Access Private Networks

Scenarios

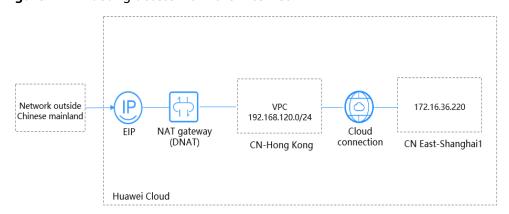
- This practice provides detailed operations for the Internet outside the Chinese mainland to access private networks.
- DNAT rules are required so that ECSs in the VPCs in the Chinese mainland can provide services accessible from the Internet.

◯ NOTE

For details about the regions where cloud connections are available, see **Region Availability**.

Figure 7-1 shows an example.

Figure 7-1 Enabling access from the Internet



Ⅲ NOTE

In this practice, suppose that the VPC in CN East-Shanghai1 is the on-premises network. The CIDR block of the Internet outside the Chinese mainland is 0.0.0.0/0.

Your account must have the permission for cross-border communication. If your account does not have the permission, you can ask the other user with the required permission to load the VPCs.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Create the following VPCs and ensure that the VPC CIDR blocks do not conflict with each other:
 - VPC in CN East-Shanghai1: 172.16.36.0/24
 - VPC in CN-Hong Kong: 192.168.120.0/24

For details, see **Creating a VPC**.

- **Step 2** Create a cloud connection.
 - 1. Create a cloud connection.

For details, see **Creating a Cloud Connection**.

2. Load the VPCs.

For details, see **Loading a Network Instance**.

3. Add custom CIDR blocks.

For details, see Adding Custom CIDR Blocks for a Cloud Connection.

When you load the VPC in CN-Hong Kong, you need to add the custom CIDR block 0.0.0.0/0.

□ NOTE

You need to add the default route 0.0.0.0/0 to allow access from the NAT gateway.

4. Buy a bandwidth package.

By default, a cloud connection provides 10 kbit/s of bandwidth for testing cross-region network connectivity. You need to buy a bandwidth package to ensure normal communication across regions.

For details, see **Buying a Bandwidth Package**.

- 5. Assign an inter-region bandwidth.
 - For details, see **Assigning an Inter-Region Bandwidth**.
- **Step 3** Buy an ECS in CN East-Shanghai1.

For details, see Purchasing an ECS.

Private IP address of the ECS in CN East-Shanghai1: 172.16.36.220

Step 4 Buy an EIP and configure a NAT gateway.

In CN-Hong Kong, buy an EIP and a public NAT gateway, and add a DNAT rule. Select **Direct Connect/Cloud Connect** when you add the DNAT rule.

For details, see **Assigning an EIP and Binding It to an ECS** and **Adding a DNAT Rule**.

Set the private IP address to 172.16.36.220 when you add the DNAT rule.

Ⅲ NOTE

The DNAT rule enables the ECS to provide services accessible from the Internet.

----End

Verification

Test network connectivity.

Ping the EIP bound to the DNAT rule and the port used by the EIP from any client on the Internet.

```
64 bytes from 119.8.43.170: icmp_seq=126 ttl=36 time=226 ms
64 bytes from 119.8.43.170: icmp_seq=127 ttl=36 time=227 ms
64 bytes from 119.8.43.170: icmp_seq=128 ttl=36 time=226 ms
64 bytes from 119.8.43.170: icmp_seq=129 ttl=36 time=226 ms
^C
--- 119.8.43.170 ping statistics ---
129 packets transmitted, 129 received, 0% packet loss, time 128148ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 226.854/226.993/229.311/0.353 ms
[root@ecs-5a64 ~]#
```

8 Using a Cloud Connection and DNAT to Improve the Web Delivery Across Regions

Scenarios

This practice provides detailed operations for improve web delivery across regions.

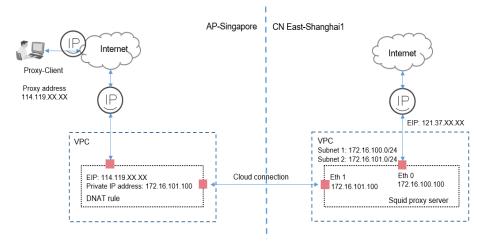
Components required in this practice include a NAT gateway, a cloud connection, and a web proxy server.

□ NOTE

For details about the regions where cloud connections are available, see **Region Availability**.

Figure 8-1 shows an example.

Figure 8-1 Improving web delivery across regions



□ NOTE

In this practice, an HTTP proxy server used for browser-based web access is required, such as a Squid proxy server.

Proxy-Client: Use a Windows server with a web proxy installed as the client and set the proxy address to the EIP (114.119.xx.xx) in AP-Singapore.

NAT Gateway: Configure a DNAT rule to map the EIP (114.119.xx.xx) in AP-Singapore to the IP address (172.16.101.100) bound to the network interface (Eth 1) of the Squid proxy server in CN East-Shanghai1.

Prerequisites

- Your cross-border permit has been approved.
- You have deployed a proxy server based on your network conditions.

□ NOTE

In this practice, you need to configure the HTTP proxy server by yourself.

Procedure

Step 1 Create two VPCs and ensure that the VPC CIDR blocks do not conflict with each other.

For details, see Creating a VPC.

The VPC in CN East-Shanghai1 has two subnets:

- Subnet 1: 172.16.100.0/24
- Subnet 2: 172.16.101.0/24
- **Step 2** Create a cloud connection.
 - 1. Create a cloud connection.

For details, see **Creating a Cloud Connection**.

2. Load the two VPCs.

When you load the VPC in CN East-Shanghai1, select only subnet 2.

For details, see Loading a Network Instance.

3. Add custom CIDR blocks.

When you load the VPC in AP-Singapore, you need to add the custom CIDR block 0.0.0.0/0.

For details, see Adding Custom CIDR Blocks for a Cloud Connection.

∩ NOTE

You need to add the default route 0.0.0.0/0 to allow access from the NAT gateway.

4. Buy a bandwidth package.

By default, a cloud connection provides 10 kbit/s of bandwidth for testing cross-region network connectivity. You need to buy a bandwidth package to ensure normal communication across regions.

For details, see **Buying a Bandwidth Package**.

5. Assign an inter-region bandwidth.

For details, see Assigning an Inter-Region Bandwidth.

Step 3 Buy an ECS with two network interfaces in CN East-Shanghai1.

- Eth 0 (for accessing the Internet): 172.16.100.100
- Eth 1 (for communicating with the NAT Gateway): 172.16.101.100

For details, see **Purchasing an ECS**.

Bind an EIP to Eth 0 so that the ECS can access the Internet.

Step 4 Configure the Squid proxy server.

1. To ensure normal routing, add a policy-based route for the ECS in CN East-Shanghai1.

ip rule add from 172.16.101.100 table 100 ip route add default via 172.16.101.1 table 100

2. Install and configure the proxy service.

Configure the proxy server in a secure and reliable manner based on network requirements.

Step 5 Buy two EIPs and configure a NAT gateway.

- Buy an EIP in CN East-Shanghai1 and bind the EIP to Eth 0 (172.16.100.100).
 For details, see Assigning an EIP and Binding It to an ECS.
- In AP-Singapore, buy an EIP and a public NAT gateway, and add a DNAT rule. Select Direct Connect/Cloud Connect when you add the DNAT rule.
 For details, see Assigning an EIP and Binding It to an ECS and Adding a DNAT Rule.

□ NOTE

Private IP address: 172.16.101.100 (IP address of Eth 1)

EIP: 114.119.xx.xx used by Proxy-Client

Squid proxy server: Eth 0 is used for Internet access, and Eth 1 is used for communicating with the NAT gateway.

The DNAT rule enables the Squid proxy server to provide services accessible from Proxy-Client on the Internet.

Step 6 Configure Proxy-Client.

Prepare a Windows server and configure it as the client.

- Select Settings.
- 2. Choose Network and Internet > Proxy > Manual proxy setup.
- 3. Enable Use a proxy server.
- 4. Set Address and Port.

Settings Script address ⊕ Home Find a setting Save Network & Internet Manual proxy setup Status Use a proxy server for Ethernet or Wi-Fi connections. These 臣 Ethernet settings don't apply to VPN connections. Dial-up Use a proxy server On On VPN Address Proxy Use the proxy server except for addresses that start with the following entries. Use semicolons (;) to separate entries. Don't use the proxy server for local (intranet) addresses

Figure 8-2 Proxy configuration

Ⅲ NOTE

Address: Enter the EIP (114.119.xx.xx) bound to the DNAT rule.

5. Click Save.

----End

Verification

Access the website from Proxy-Client to check whether access is normal.

9 Using a Cloud Connection and a VPC Peering Connection to Connect VPCs Across Regions

Scenarios

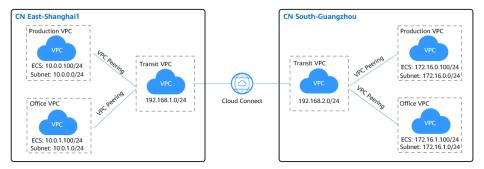
This practice provides detailed operations for you to enable communication between VPCs in different regions using a VPC Peering connection and a cloud connection.

For details about the regions where cloud connections are available, see **Region Availability**.

In the following figure, CN East-Shanghai1 and CN South-Guangzhou each have three VPCs, one production VPC, one office VPC, and one transit VPC:

- The production VPC in CN East-Shanghai1 needs to communicate with the production VPC in CN South-Guangzhou.
- The office VPC in CN East-Shanghai1 needs to communicate with the office VPC in CN South-Guangzhou.
- The production VPC and the office VPC cannot communicate with each other.

Figure 9-1 Network topology



Cloud Scenario Description **Related Operations** Service VPC Two Create a VPC peering **Creating a VPC Peering** VPCs are connection to connect two Peering **Connection to Connect** in the VPCs in the same region. The **Another VPC in the** two VPCs can be in the same same Same Account account or in different region. **Creating a VPC Peering** accounts. **Connection to Connect** a VPC in Another Account Cloud VPCs are Create a cloud connection to Using a Cloud connect the VPCs across **Connection to Connect** connecti in different regions. The VPCs can be in **VPCs in Different** on the same account or in **Regions** regions.

Table 9-1 Service configuration

♠ CAUTION

To connect the VPCs using a VPC Peering connection and a cloud connection, ensure that the subnets in the VPCs do not overlap or conflict.

different accounts.

Prerequisites

- You have a Huawei Cloud account, and the Huawei Cloud account has been configured with operation permissions of related services.
- The account balance is sufficient to purchase the required resources, such as bandwidth packages and ECSs.
- The VPCs and subnets that need to communicate with each other have been created.

Procedure

Step 1 Configure VPC Peering.

- 1. Create a VPC peering connection.
 - a. Go to the **VPC Peering Connections** page.
 - b. In the upper right corner of the page, click **Create VPC Peering Connection**.
 - The **Create VPC Peering Connection** page is displayed.
 - c. Configure the parameters based on **Table 9-2**. Select **My account**.

Figure 9-2 Creating a VPC peering connection

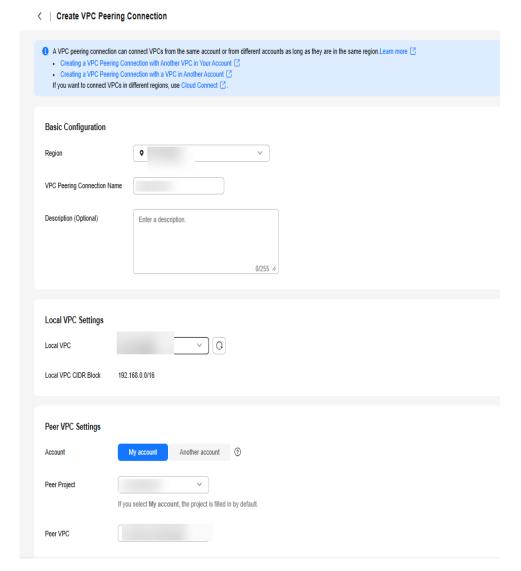


Table 9-2 Parameters required for creating a VPC peering connection

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Region	Mandatory Region where the VPC peering connection will be created. Select the region nearest to you to ensure the lowest latency possible.	CN East- Shanghai1

Parameter	Description	Example Value
VPC Peering Connection Name	Mandatory Name of the VPC peering connection.	Production VPC peering in CN East-Shanghai1
	The name contains a maximum of 64 characters and consists of letters, digits, hyphens (-), and underscores (_).	
Description	Optional.	-
(Optional)	The supplementary information about the VPC peering connection.	
	The description can contain no more than 255 characters and cannot contain angle brackets (<>).	
Local VPC	Mandatory VPC at one end of the VPC peering connection. You can select one from the drop-down list.	Transit VPC in CN East-Shanghai1
Local VPC CIDR Block	CIDR block of the selected local VPC.	192.168.0.0/16
Account	Mandatory	My account
	 My account: The local and peer VPCs are from the same account. 	
	 Another account: The local and peer VPCs are from different accounts. 	
Peer Project	The system fills in the corresponding project by default if Account is set to My account .	cn-east-3
	For example, if VPC-A and VPC-B are created in region A, the corresponding project of the account in region A is selected by default.	
Peer VPC	This parameter is mandatory if Account is set to My account . VPC at the other end of the VPC peering connection. You can select one from the drop-down list.	Production service VPC in CN East- Shanghai1

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Peer VPC CIDR Block	Specifies the CIDR block for the peer VPC.	172.16.0.0/12
	The local and peer VPCs cannot have identical or overlapping CIDR blocks. Otherwise, the routes added for the VPC peering connection may not take effect.	

d. Click Create Now.

2. Add routes for the VPC peering connection.

If you request a VPC peering connection with another VPC in your own account, the system automatically accepts the request. You still need to add local and peer routes on the **Route Tables** page for the VPC peering connection.

- a. Go to the VPC console.
- b. In the navigation pane on the left, choose **Route Tables**.
- c. Search for or create a route table for the local VPC and add routes for the local VPC. **Table 9-3** describes the parameters.

Figure 9-3 Adding local route



Table 9-3 Parameters required for adding routes for the VPC peering connection

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Destination	Specifies the CIDR block for the peer VPC.	172.16.0.0/12
Next Hop Type	Specifies the next hop type. Select VPC peering connection.	VPC peering connection
Next Hop	Specifies the next hop address. Select the created VPC peering connection.	Production VPC peering in Shanghai1

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Description	(Optional) Provides supplementary information about the route.	-
	The description can contain no more than 255 characters and cannot contain angle brackets (<>).	

d. Search for or create a route table for the peer VPC and add routes for the peer VPC.

Table 9-4 Parameters required for adding routes for the VPC peering connection

Parameter	Description	Example Value
Destination	Specifies the CIDR block for the local VPC.	192.168.0.0/16
Next Hop Type	Specifies the next hop type. Select VPC peering connection .	VPC peering connection
Next Hop	Specifies the next hop address. Select the created VPC peering connection.	Production VPC peering in CN East-Shanghai1
Description	(Optional) Provides supplementary information about the route.	-
	The description can contain no more than 255 characters and cannot contain angle brackets (<>).	

e. Repeat the above steps to create a VPC peering connection between the office VPC and the transit VPC in CN East-Shanghai1 and add local and peer routes.

Repeat the above operations to create two VPC peering connections in CN South-Guangzhou, with one connecting the production VPC to the transit VPC and the other connecting the office VPC to the transit VPC.

In the above steps, you can visit the route table module directly from the navigation pane on the left.

Step 2 Create a cloud connection.

- 1. Create a cloud connection.
 - a. Go to the **Cloud Connections** page.
 - b. In the upper right corner of the page, click **Create Cloud Connection**.
 - c. Configure the parameters based on Table 9-5.

Cancel

OK

X **Create Cloud Connection** ⋆ Name cc-test ○ ② Create Enterprise Project default ★ Enterprise Project * Scenario VPC If you select VPC here, only VPCs or virtual gateways can use this cloud connection. It is recommended that you use TMS's predefined tag function to add the same tag to different cloud resources. View predefined tags $\ Q$ Tag Tag value Tag key You can add 20 more tags. Description 0/255 //

Figure 9-4 Creating a cloud connection

Table 9-5 Parameters for creating a cloud connection

Param eter	Description	Examp le Value
Name	Specifies the cloud connection name. The name can contain 1 to 64 characters. Only letters, digits, underscores (_), hyphens (-), and periods (.) are allowed.	cc-test
Enterp rise Project	Specifies an enterprise project by which cloud resources and members are centrally managed.	default
Scenari o	VPC : Only VPCs or virtual gateways can use this cloud connection.	VPC
Tag	Specifies the tag to identify the cloud connection. A tag consists of a key and a value. You can add up to 20 tags to a cloud connection. NOTE If a predefined tag has been created on TMS, you can directly select the corresponding tag key and value. For details about predefined tags, see Predefined Tags.	-

Param eter	Description	Examp le Value
Descri ption	Provides supplementary information about the cloud connection.	-
	The description can contain no more than 255 characters.	

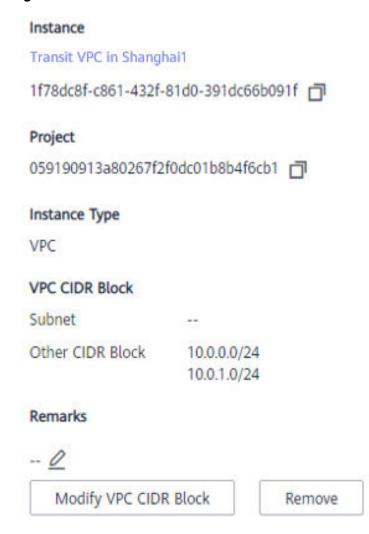
d. Click **OK**.

2. Load network instances.

Load the transit VPC in CN East-Shanghai1 to the created cloud connection.

- a. In the cloud connection list, click the name (**cc-test**) of the cloud connection.
- b. Select the **Network Instances** tab and click **Load Network Instance**.
- c. Configure the parameters.

Figure 9-5 Network instance details



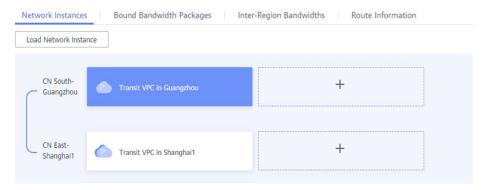
Ⅲ NOTE

To communicate with the production VPC and the office VPC in CN East-Shanghai1, you need to set the CIDR blocks of the two VPCs as custom CIDR blocks.

d. Click **OK**.

e. Repeat the above steps to load the transit VPC in CN South-Guangzhou to the cloud connection and set the CIDR block of the production VPC and the CIDR block of the office VPC in CN South-Guangzhou as custom CIDR blocks.

Figure 9-6 Loading another VPC



After the VPCs are loaded, they are on the same network. You can view the routes of each VPC on the **Route Information** tab.

3. Buy a bandwidth package.

By default, Cloud Connect provides 10 kbit/s of bandwidth for testing crossregion network connectivity.

To ensure normal communication, you need to purchase a bandwidth package and bind it to the cloud connection.

- In the cloud connection list, click the name (cc-test) of the cloud connection.
- b. On the **Bandwidth Packages** tab, click **Buy Bandwidth Package**.
- c. Configure the parameters.

Because the two VPCs are in the Chinese mainland, select **Single geographic region** for **Applicability** and **Chinese mainland** for **Geographic Region**.

- d. Click **Next**.
- e. Confirm the configuration and submit your order.

Go back to the bandwidth package list and locate the bandwidth package. If its status changes to **Normal**, you can bind the bandwidth package to the cloud connection.

□ NOTE

In the navigation pane, choose **Bandwidth Packages**. On the **Bandwidth** Packages package, you can view the purchased bandwidth package and its details, such as the billing mode, order information, the cloud connection, used bandwidth, and remaining bandwidth. You can also modify, unbind, renew, and unsubscribe from the bandwidth package.

Assign an inter-region bandwidth.

Assign bandwidth from the purchased bandwidth package for communication between the VPCs.

- In the cloud connection list, click the name (cc-test) of the cloud
- On the Inter-Region Bandwidths tab, click Assign Inter-Region b. Bandwidth.
- Configure the parameters.

Select CN South-Guangzhou and CN East-Shanghai1 for Regions. The system automatically displays the bandwidth package bound to the cloud connection. Set the bandwidth based on your requirements, for example, 1 Mbit/s.

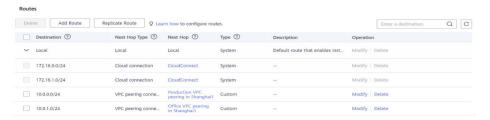
d. View the assigned bandwidth on the **Inter-Region Bandwidths** tab.

----End

Verification

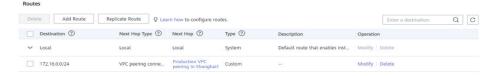
Check the route table of the transit VPC in CN East-Shanghai1.

Figure 9-7 Route table of the transit VPC in CN East-Shanghai1



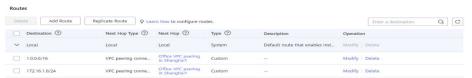
Check the route table of the production VPC in CN East-Shanghai1.

Figure 9-8 Route table of the production VPC in CN East-Shanghai1



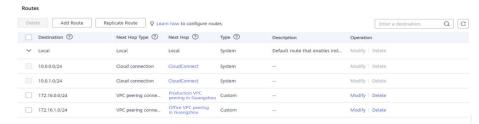
Check the route table of the office VPC in CN East-Shanghai1.

Figure 9-9 Route table of the office VPC in CN East-Shanghai1



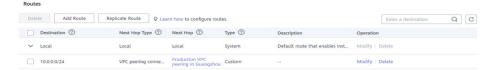
Check the route table of the transit VPC in CN South-Guangzhou.

Figure 9-10 Route table of the transit VPC in CN South-Guangzhou



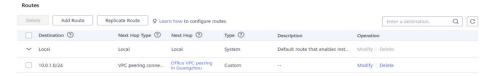
• Check the route table of the production VPC in CN South-Guangzhou.

Figure 9-11 Route table of the production VPC in CN South-Guangzhou



Check the route table of the office VPC in CN South-Guangzhou.

Figure 9-12 Route table of the office VPC in CN South-Guangzhou



• Ping an ECS in the production VPC in CN South-Guangzhou from an ECS in the production VPC in CN East-Shanghai1.

Figure 9-13 Pinging two ECSs

```
[root@vpc1-ecs ~ ]# ping 172.16.0.100
PING 172.16.0.100 (172.16.0.100) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 172.16.0.100: icmp_seq=2 ttl=61 time=36.7 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.0.100: icmp_seq=3 ttl=61 time=33.3 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.0.100: icmp_seq=4 ttl=61 time=33.2 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.0.100: icmp_seq=5 ttl=61 time=33.2 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.0.100: icmp_seq=6 ttl=61 time=33.1 ms
^C
--- 172.16.0.100 ping statistics ---
6 packets transmitted, 5 received, 16.6667% packet loss, time 13ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 33.130/33.894/36.679/1.402 ms
[root@vpc1-ecs ~ ]# _
```

 Ping an ECS in the office VPC in CN South-Guangzhou from an ECS in the office VPC in CN East-Shanghai1.

Figure 9-14 Pinging two ECSs

```
[root@ecs ~]# ping 10.0.1.100
PING 10.0.1.100 (10.0.1.100) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.1.100: icmp_seq=1 ttl=62 time=32.1 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.1.100: icmp_seq=2 ttl=62 time=31.10 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.1.100: icmp_seq=3 ttl=62 time=31.10 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.1.100: icmp_seq=4 ttl=62 time=31.10 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.1.100: icmp_seq=5 ttl=62 time=31.9 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.1.100: icmp_seq=6 ttl=62 time=31.9 ms
```